THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,297—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY—FRIDAY, MARCH 31, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1st April	MARMORA	10509	....	...
9th "	CALEDONIA	7358	....	...
12th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
22nd "	MANTUA	10885	....	...
26th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9503
6th May	ARABIA	7903	....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOMBA	10890
20th "	EGYPT	7912	....	...
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9511
3rd June	PERSIA	7951	....	...
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7932
17th "	CALEDONIA	7358	....	...
24th "	DEVANHA	8302	MALWA	10883
1st July	HIMALAYA	5698	....	...
8th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
19th "	ARABIA	7903	....	...
22nd "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
29th "	EGYPT	7912	....	...

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tender: leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly (usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES, Superintendent.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES Booked without charge.
BERTHS Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS Seat for Inspection.
HANDBOOK Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—
ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.	
Numidia	5716	C F Osborne R N R	15th April	1911
"	5106	Wm. Kelso	24th "	"
"	6388	J. Hamilton	7th May	"
"	6368	A. Haig	20th "	"
"	5061	J. Thomson	9th June	"
"	5124	G. Mitchell	21st "	"
"	5716	C F Osborne R N R	11th July	"
"	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd "	"
"	6388	J. Hamilton	8th Aug.	"
"	6368	A. Haig	21st "	"
"	5061	J. Thomson	8th Sept.	"
"	5124	G. Mitchell	23rd "	"
"	5716	C F Osborne R N R	9th Oct.	"
"	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st "	"
"	6388	J. Hamilton	4th Nov.	"
"	6368	A. Haig	18th "	"

Rates of fares from Bombay to Penang, Singapore Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Deck	Rs. 413	627
Intermediate	" 446	677
Saloon	" 578	924
Saloon	" 653	999
Saloon	" 590	891
Saloon	" 605	957
Saloon	" 808	1,340

Deck passage fare ... " 446

Return Tickets available for 2 years.

Special Rates for Railway employees, Missionaries, Teachers, &c.

Each steamer has a qualified surgeon and Stewardess carried with every steamer.

Cargo and Deck fans in all steamers.

Passengers incur a penalty of Rs. 10 per day for delay in arrival at Bombay.

Passengers are requested to be by the steamer leaving Bombay on the date mentioned in their ticket, as no change will be made.

Steamers will leave Bombay for Penang, Singapore and Hongkong about the 15th of every month, commencing from April 1911.

Further particulars on application to

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO., Bombay, April.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	31st March.	6 a.m.†	direct.
Linga	2171	Mon.	3rd April	11 a.m.*	P D & O M.
Kola	1205	Thurs.	6th April	9 a.m.	via O. M.

†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
*Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI, KARACHI AND BUSHEH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kola," 1205 tons, on Thursday, 6th April calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "Waroonga," 2513 tons, on Monday, the 3rd April, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, and Koweit.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

(Monthly.)

S. S. "Pundua," 3305 tons, on Thursday, 20th April, calling at Seychelles, Lama, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS, COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA,

(Fortnightly.)

A Steamer sailing on or about the 8th April.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents, BOMBAY.

31st March, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Dumbea	5,635	Rebufat	13th April 1911.
Armand Behic	6,335	Guionnet	11th May 1911.
Caledonien	4,130	Malher	8th June 1911.
Oceanien	4,143	Sellier	6th July 1911.
Polynesien	6,363	Bruno	31st July 1911.
Salazie	4,147	Riquier	3rd Aug. 1911.
Australien	6,365		29th Sept. 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about.
Oceanien	4,143	Sellier	21st April 1911.
Salazie	4,147	Riquier	19th May "

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS, Agent.

Albert Building Hornby Road.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. Rubattino	4,580	L. Mancini	15th April 1911
D. Balduh	4,580	D. Maganzine	15th May 1911
R. Rubattino	4,580	L. Manchini	15th June 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

*Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 723; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th April 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th May 1911
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th June 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 145 to ..... to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI, Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.
Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
✻ THERAPION ✻
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA;

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp.)
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Madras,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Mombasa,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Nairobi,
Amritsar,	Colombo	Entebbe,
Delhi,	Kandy	Kampala, Uganda.
Cawnpore	Newera-Eliya.	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 161 BOMBAY. W. J. K. HEGARTY, Acting Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital..... $ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors..... $ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund..... $ 16,250,000
Gold Reserve Fund..... $ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE,	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MALACCA,	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	MANILA	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YLOILO
HONGKONG	PEKING	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months' term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY, Agent.

Church Gate Street, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... £ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... £ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS ..... £ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS ..... £ 335,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH, Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes :—

9¼ inch by 4¼ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9¼ inch by 4¼ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *

* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000.

5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
* If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.

I.—Dealers in Watches, Clocks and Chronometers.
II.—Jewellers, Engravers, Die Sinkers.
III.—Dealers in Precious Stones.
IV.—Manufacturing Gold and Silversmiths.
V.—Importers of Best Sheffield Sterling Silver and Electro-Plated Ware.
VI.—Opticians, Sole Agents for Dr. Menist's celebrated Spectacles and Eyeglasses, Glare Glasses, &c.
VII.—Sole Agents for Goerz' celebrated Trieder and other Binoculars for Field and Marine use.
VIII.—Dealers in Music and Musical instruments.
IX.—Importers of Pianofortes for the Tropics. Agents for Blüthner, Schiedmayer, Richard Lipp, Broadwood, &c.
X.—Sole Agents for Napier Cars, 4 and 6 Cylinders.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,

BOMBAY & POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE HOUSE for the following :-
GRUYERE PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA CHEESE always in stock throughout the year.
MACCARONI VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES of various shapes and designs fresh and can be had in large quantities.
PURE GENUINE OLIVE OIL of the Olives, now in great demand.
ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR (white) highly patronized for its excellence.
WALNUTS AND ALMONDS in soft shell, and HAZELNUTS always in Stock.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
MALARIA MIXTURE, prepared by FRANCESCO RANA of Bari, in Italy, cure guaranteed.
BRIOSCHI'S 'CETRATE,' an effervescent drink for the young and aged use freely in every house in Italy.
Our CLARET (Grignolino), the Genuine Wine, in great demand, at Rs. 11 per dozen bottles. Various other Brands of Wines and Liqueurs from The High Class House of Italy and France.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s "ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 3.

THE Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.
RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS
FROM
1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.
ALSO
Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING.
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake 150° in cases
Chester 125° " "
Monkey 125° " "
Elephant in tins and bulk.

EASTER 1911.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS.
NOW REGISTER ORDERS FOR
EASTER EGGS.
~~CHOCOLATE EASTER~~ EGGS,
BEAUTIFULLY DECORATED AND FILLED WITH SWEETS

SATIN EASTER EGGS
PORCELAIN EASTER EGGS
PICTORIAL EASTER EGGS
WOOD EASTER EGGS.
} in Assorted Colours and filled with Sweets and Chocolates.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

TEA AWARDED COFFEE

3

GOLD MEDALS

AT

NAGPUR, JALGAON & BROACH

EXHIBITIONS.

FOR

SUPERIORITY PEARSE & Co., EXCELLENCE.

APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years, during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL. Malabar Hill, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 2 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of SUGAR, per s. s. "ITRIA," from MAURITIUS, are hereby notified that the Steamer is expected to ARRIVE in Bombay, on or about the 1st proximo, and will discharge in Dock.

(2) Consignees are requested to present their Bills of Lading for Delivery Orders and to take delivery ... immediately on discharge.

... Company's Surveyor will attend every ... between 8 and 9 a.m., to survey damaged ... no Survey will be held after seven days of the ... of the last bag.

... CKINNON MACKENZIE AND CO., Agents.

... 09, dated 31st March, 1911.

... ANCHOR LINE s. s. "CIRCASSIA," ... ARRIVED from GLASGOW and LIVER... and discharges in the Victoria Dock.

... signees are requested to present their Bills of ... for our COUNTER-SIGNATURE and to ... DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay.

... ages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be ... on the quay at the risk and expense of Consig... unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery ... delay. Consignees are hereby expressly noti... that all claims for damage must be adjusted by ... amer's Surveyor before the goods are removed ... Landing Shed. The Undersigned decline all ... bility in respect of goods removed to the ... Warehouse. All claims must be presented ... sailing of the steamer, otherwise none will ... tained.

... METCALFE will attend every morning. ... through Bills of Lading are requested to ... tten, not verbal, application regarding their ... ling the Undersigned will not be responsible ... lay caused by Consignees not being advised ... of such goods.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

... 's Buildings, ... ay, 30th March, 1911.

... SOON AND ALLIANCE SILK MILL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

... TWENTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY ... ERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of ... Company, will be held at its Registered ... Forbes Street, Fort, on THURSDAY, the ... April, 1911, at 4 P.M., (Standard Time), to ... following business :—

... ceive Directors' Report and Audited Balance ... Abstract of Profit and Loss Account made ... December, 1910.

... clare a Dividend.

... firm the appointments of Messrs. Ishwar... ... and M. Nissim.

... ect two Directors in the place of those ... by rotation but who are eligible for re...

... point Auditors for the year ending 31st ... 1911, and to fix their remuneration.

... NSFER BOOKS of the Company will be ... from 13th to 27th April 1911, both days ...

By Order of the Board, DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD., A. G. DOVEY, Manager, Secretaries and Treasurers.

... 29th March, 1911.

... SSOON SPINNING & WEAVING ... COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

... THIRTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY ... RAL MEETING of the Shareholders of ... Company, will be held at the Registered ... Company, No. 3, Forbes Street, Fort, on ... Y, the 12th April, 1911, at 3-15 P.M. ... time), to transact the following business :— ... ceive and adopt the Directors' Report, ... nce-Sheet, and Profit and Loss Account ... nding 31st December, 1910.

... are a Dividend.

... firm the appointment of Mr. M. Nissim ...

... ect two Directors in place of those who ... tion, but who are eligible for re-election. ... point Auditors for the ensuing year and to ... uneration.

... NSFER BOOKS of the Company will be ... from Monday, the 3rd April, 1911, to Thurs... April, 1911, both days inclusive,

By Order of the Board of Directors, ... RDESHIR EDULJEE DALAL, Secretary.

... Forbes Street, Fort, ... 30th March, 1911.

... INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

ALTERATIONS OF TRAINS.

... the 1st of April, 1911, the TIMINGS ... PASSENGER and MAIL TRAINS, on the ... will be REVISED. For details see Sheet ... exhibited at Stations.

... can also be obtained from Station ... or from the Undersigned.

A. C. RUMBOLL, General Traffic Manager.

... 24th March, 1911.

... STANDARD MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

... is hereby given that at the ... th Ordinary General Meeting of Share... on TUESDAY, the 28th March, 1911, a ... at the Rate of Rs. 25 per whole Share of ... at Rs. 6-4 per quarter share of Rs. 125, ... Tax for the half year ending 31st ... 1910 has been declared payable at the ... Office of the Company, No. 7, Esplanade ... after Thursday, the 6th April, 1911, ... 11-30 A.M. and 2-30 P.M. (S.T.), to Share... names stand on the Company's Register ... March, 1911, on production of their Share ...

By Order, SASSOON J. DAVID & Co., Agents.

... 30th March, 1911.

... NICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

... TENDERS will be received by ... unicipal Commissioner for the City of ... to 1 P.M. (Bombay Time), on TUESDAY, ... of May 1911, for the SUPPLY of ... 2,000 4" STONEWARE PIPES.

... of Contract, Specification, etc., may be ... e of charge from the undersigned, who ... lication, give any further information that ... ired.

... rs must be accompanied by a deposit of ... be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, ... urities, and to be forfeited in case of with... ... der, or of refusal to sign the Contract. ... rther payment to make the total deposit ... 10 per cent. on the contract amount will ... ade by the Contractor, whose Tender may ...

... Municipal Commissioner does not bind ... ept the lowest or any Tender.

... der of the Municipal Commissioner, J. LACEY, Storekeeper, Municipality.

... per's Office, ... mpoli, 23rd March, 1911.

TO FREEMASONS.

... INGS FROM A ROUGH ASHLAR". ... LECTION of Masonic and other Verse by ... M. BOUGHTON CHAMBERS, F. R. ... ad), F. R. S. A. (Dublin), Dedicated by ... n to R. W. B. the Hon. Sir Lawrence ... K. C. I. E., P. D. G. M., Bombay. ... Printed Cr., 16-M.O. and will be shortly ... ition Limited. Register Orders with ... R. I. PRESS, Byculla. ONE

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited by 1 o'clock, on MONDAY, the 10th April, 1911, for the following services for the official year 1911-1912.

1. Supply of Road Metal, Black Sand, Yellow Moorum, Red Hill Earth, Manure and Sand Stone.
2. Supply of ordinary Carts and Bullocks.
3. Supply of unslaked lime to be slaked with fresh water at site of works (original works and repairs.)

Further particulars may be obtained at the office of the Undersigned. The Undersigned reserves the right to reject any Tender or Tenders and no reason will be given for the acceptance or the rejection of any Tender. Tender forms will be issued on payment of the usual fees during office hours, either on personal application or by Agents.

R. M. PROES, A.M. Inst., C. E., Executive Engineer, Presidency.

FOR SALE.

OFFERS will be received up to the 1st April, 1911, by Lieutenant-Commander the Hon. B. O. B. BRIDGEMAN, R.N., for the purchase of the composite single screw gunboat "REDBREAST" with her engines, boilers and all fittings and stores now on board, as she lies in the Wet Basin, Government Dockyard, Bombay.

The "Redbreast" was built in Government Dockyard, Pembroke, in 1889, is 165 feet long, 31 feet beam, and 805 tons displacement and 720 indicated Horse Power.

The Fittings and Stores comprise :—

Boats, awnings, auxiliary machinery, anchors and cables, pumps and fire engines, and electric light apparatus.

The purchaser must remove the Vessel from the Government Dockyard, within one fortnight of purchase, at his own risk and expense. Dismantling will not be permitted in the Government Dockyard. No guarantee will be given with the boilers.

Twenty-five per cent. of the purchase money to be paid on acceptance of Tender, balance before vessel is removed from Dockyard. The acceptance of Tenders is subject to the decision of Admiralty, by whom a reserve price has been fixed.

Applications to view the ship and examine detailed list of stores for sale with ship, and any further particulars should be addressed to Lieutenant Commander the Hon. R. O. B. BRIDGEMAN, R. N., Admiral's House, Woodhouse Road, Bombay.

R. O. B. BRIDGEMAN, Lieutenant-Commander, R. N.

6th March, 1911.

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A THROUGH SERVICE of TRAINS with Dining Cars, attached throughout the day and Corridor Coaches will be introduced, on and from the 1st April, 1911, between Bombay, Umballa and Kalka (for Simla) via Rutlam, Muttra, Delhi, Meerut and Saharanpur.

Fast Trains will connect at Rutlam with these Expresses to and from Mhow and Indore from and to Bombay.

TIMINGS.

Bombay	...Dep.	21-15	Simla	...Dep.	8- 0
Rutlam	...Arr.	10-20	Kalka	...Arr.	14-43
Do.	...Dep.	10-35	Do.	...Dep.	16- 0
Muttra	...Arr.	22-22	Umballa	...Arr.	18-22
Do.	...Dep.	22-42	Do.	...Dep.	19- 0
Delhi	...Arr.	1-45	Saharanpur	...Arr.	20-48
Do.	...Dep.	2- 5	Do.	...Dep.	21-22
Meerut	...Arr.	3-49	Meerut	...Arr.	23-43
Do.	...Dep.	3-53	Do.	...Dep.	23-53
Saharanpur	...Arr.	6-21	Delhi	...Arr.	1-36
Do.	...Dep.	6-36	Do.	...Dep.	2- 0
Umballa	...Arr.	8-20	Muttra	...Arr.	4-55
Do.	...Dep.	8-40	Do.	...Dep.	5-15
Kalka	...Arr.	11- 0	Rutlam	...Arr.	17-20
Do.	...Dep.	11-30	Do.	...Dep.	17-40
Simla	...Arr.	13-20	Bombay	...Arr	7-15

FREDERICK W. HANSON, General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 24th February, 1911.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS, 91, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES, situated at Bhajipala Road, near Abdul Rahman Street, and at Bhuzari Moholla out of Fort, Bombay.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Suit No. 624 of 1905.

Runchoddas Tribhowandas of Bombay Hindu inhabitant, residing at Malabar Hill, outside the Fort of Bombay..... Plaintiff.

vs.

ESSOOFALLY HASSANALLY, of Bombay, Mahomedan inhabitant, residing at Bhajipala Street, outside the Fort, now deceased, and others... Defendants.

Under instructions from Mr. P. S. Laud, the Special Commissioner and Receiver, appointed in the above Suit, to sell the right, title and interest of the first defendent Essoofally Hassanally, now deceased, and his wife now widow named Fatmabai, the 3rd defendant in the above Suit in pursuance of the Court's order, dated the 6th day of December, 1906, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will put up for sale by Public Auction, all the right, title and interest of the said Essoofally Hassanally, and his widow Fatmabai, in the two immoveable properties at Bajipala Street, and Baloo Sarang Street, in the Schedule hereunder on the premises at Bhajipala Street, firstly described, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY the 1st day of April, 1911, at 4-30, p.m. (S.T.).

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

Firstly.—All that piece or parcel of Fazendari ground, containing by admeasurement 48 1-2 feet in breath and 29 feet in length be the same, little or more, square yards or thereabouts together with all messuages, tenement or buildings standing thereon, situate lying and being in Bhajipala Road, outside the Fort walls of Bombay, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 22, and assessed in the Books of the Assessor and by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward No. 720, and Street No. 253, and bounded as follows, i. e, on or towards the east by the property of Haji Mahomed Dossa Mistry, on or towards the west by the property of Khoja Alloo Parroo, on or towards the north by the Bhajipala Road, and on or towards the south by the house of Khoja Dossa Mowji.

Secondly.—All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land containing by admeasurement 96 4-9, be the same little more or less square yards or thereabouts, together with all messuages, tenement or buildings standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the west side of a public road called or known by the name of Bhusari Moholla or Baloo Sarang Street, outside the Fort of Bombay in the registration Sub-district of Mandvi in the island of Bombay, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward No. 160, and Street No. 2146, and bound as follows: i. e., on or towards the east by the said public road, called Bhusari Moholla or Baloo Salang Street, on or towards the west by a public passage, on or towards the north by the house formerly of Memon Suleman Tyeb and now of Dossa Mowji, and on or towards the south by the house of Imam Padma, and were formerly and are now in the occupation of Bhima Poonja and other tenants of the said Mahomed Choak. For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Khanderao Laud and Mehta, Attorneys for the Special Commissioner and Receiver or to the undersigned Auctioneers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., Auctioneers.

Bombay, 31st March, 1911.

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Under instructions from the mortgagees, Messrs. Keshowlal Chhaganlal and Jamnadas Chhaganlal, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Wasudev Pandurang Late, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 31st day of March 1911 at 5 p.m. (S. T.), the following landed property on the premises :—

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground with the messuages, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Old Sonapur First Cross Lane, near Chira Bazar, Girgaum Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 123 square yards or thereabout and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. Old Survey No. and New Survey No. 8139, standing in the name of Sitabai, widow of Ramchandra Sakharam as the Fazendari in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue and the said premises is assessed by the Assessor and Collector of the Municipality of Bombay under Ward No. C, New. 3549, 3550 and Street Nos. 2 and 3 and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on or towards the east by the vacant land of Pestonji Karanjia, on the west by the public passage called Sonapur Cross Lane, on the north by the gully and the property of Mahadeo Baloo Koli and on the south by the house of Sitabai, widow of Ramchandra Sakharam.

For further particulars and printed conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Mulji and Khambatta, Solicitors for the mortgagees at their office in Church Gate Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 3rd April, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in Bank Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

Furniture such as drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs, almirs, cupboards, chest of drawers, dressing, washband, and writing tables, phonographs, iron safes, piano by Kaps, folding harmonium by Mason and Hamlin,

By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Mr. A. Fetterle :—

1 lady's gold watch set with a diamond and pearls.
1 18-carat chronometer gold clock watch, perpetual calender repeater.

AT 3 P.M.

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred light victoria.
1 double-seated brougham.
1 second-hand office shigram.

IMPORTANT TO CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE of very Valuable Landed Property, known as Idgawady or better known as Chhotalal Wadi near the Idga, in the City of Broach.

Under instructions from R. D. Sathaa, Esqr. the Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate and effects of Dayabhai Chhotalal Vakil, an adjudged Insolvent, and with the consent of

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, March 29.] [BOMBAY, March 30.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	81 11-16		1-3
do. Reuter ...	96 1-2		1-4
1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	93 1-2	un	chgd
1-2 do. Gov. Securities...	64 7-16		1-16
Bar Silver in London ...	24 5-16	un	chgd
do. 2 months' hence...	24 7-16	un	chgd
Bar Silver in New York ...	52 3-4	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25 28 1-2	1-2	
do. do. at Berlin...	20-43 1-2	un	chgd
do. do. New York ..	4-83		1-8
Discount Bank of England Rate...	3 p. c.	since	
do. Short London Bills	9th	inst.	
3 months' sight ..	2 1-8	un	chgd
Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight...	2 1-8	un	chgd
3 months' Fine			
Trade Bills...	2 3-4	un	chgd
6 months' Fine			
Trade Bills...	2 3-4	un	chgd
Best day-to-day Loans ...	2 5-8	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans...	2 7-8	un	chgd

Bar Gold 77-6 unchgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 29-32+1-32

Closing Tone of Silver.—Quiet. Steady.

Amount paid into the Bank of England, about £125,000.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 80,00,000,

Rs. 5,50,000 were allotted to Calcutta
" 4,00,000 " to Bombay
" 40,000 " to Madras

Total Rs. 89,90,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 25 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 25 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 1s 4 1-16d.

Telegraphic Transfers:—

Rs. 20,00,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 43,40,000 " to Bombay.
" 6,70,000 " to Madras.

Total Rs. 70,10,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 26 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 25 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 1s 4 3-32d.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale, Rs. 90,20,000.

Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 1,00,00,000.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot Good business done. Steady.
Futures ... Quiet.
East Indian ... Quiet.
Manchester Firm with fair demand.
Total Sales ... 12,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export ... 1,500
Imports ... 1,000
Mid-Americans ... 7-69+03
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 9 13-16 unchgd.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May	May-June	June-July
7-42 +01	7-42 +01	7-41 +01	7-38 +01

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
7-34 +01	7-12 +01	6-83 +02	6-70 +02	6-65 +02

New York Official noon call May 14-30+10 July 14-08+09.

MANCHESTER, March 29.

Grey shirtings 41-42 in. 38 yards 16×15 ... 8-7
" " 44 in. 38—38 1-2 yds 9lbs.. 9
White " 40-41 in. 40 yards 18 sqr ...10-10
" mainsooks 43 in. 19 yards 22×21...6-8

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	7,000
Receipts at " Last year ...	17,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	Nil
Exports to Continent ...	4,000
Spot Cotton— ...	14-45+.0
Futures—Month of May 14-35+03	Advanced on foreign buying and declined on longs unloading.
Futures—Month of July 14-10+01	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton ... 14 1-2 unchgd
Futures—Month of Mar ... 14-29+03
Do. " May ... 14-32+03
Closing Tone of Spot Cotton ... Quiet.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi ...33 unchgd
Do. Months—March-April.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Value.
Red Karachi ... 32 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—March-April.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Value.
Tone—Quiet.

SEEDS.

LINSEED—
Low Gujrat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ...41 1-4 unchgd
Months—April-May.
Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.
Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ...46 1-4 unchgd
Months—April-May.
Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.
...39 1-4 unchgd
April-May.—Value.
Amsterdam.
Tone steady.
...67+1-2
Done.
Dunkirk.
...63 3-4—1-4
Antwerp.—Nominal.
SEEDS.
...12 1-4 unchgd
Value. Irregular.
...£66 1-4
..... d 6
..... £54 9-16
...10s.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [30th March 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
7 Cases Rupees.	14,000	Muscat.....	Comptoir National
3 Bundles Rs...	3,000	C. Mandvi..	M. Mackenzie & Co
11 Bundles Sovs	2,100		
Gold Coins ...	130	Busreh.....	Sundry Importers
Rupees.....	21,273		
1 Bundle Rs ...	1,500	Muscat.....	M. Mackenzie Co

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL ON 28th March, 1911.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway ...	35	42,705
B. B. & C. I. Railway	51	61,159

FINANCIAL.

MONEY :—

The Cash Balance of the Bank of Bengal is 70 lakhs up and the official rate has been reduced to 7 per cent.

EXCHANGE :—

The market opened quiet but steady at 1s. 4 1-16d. T. T., 1s. 4 3-32d. on Demand and 1s. 4 1-4d. for 3 months, sight Credits. There has been a moderate enquiry for Bank remittance. Private Bills are scarce. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 3-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 1-4d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 3-16d.
Do. do Francs	...171 1-4
Do. do Marks	...139
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...132
Shanghai "	...176 3-4
Japan "	...149 3-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market opened at 96 for cash and to-morrow's settlement, and 96 1 for the 2nd settlement. Slight fluctuations have occurred during the day and a fair business has been done. Closing rates are as under.

We quote :—

Cash	...Rs.	93	0 0
1st Settlement	... "	96	0 0
2nd Settlement	... "	96	2 0

BULLION :—

There was no change in the London quotations for Bar Silver yesterday the rates being 24 5-16 ready and 24 7-16 for delivery in two months. New York who also unchanged at 52 3-4. The local market opened at 61 11-16 ex-duty for ready bars and has remained quiet but steady. Bar gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold ...	... Rs.	24	0 0
Australian " ...	... "	24	0 0
Sovereigns " ...	... "	15	0 0
Silver Ready ex-duty	... "	61	11 0
" 1st settlement	... "	61	15 0
" 2nd "	... "	62	0 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

The market opened quiet but steady with little or no change in rates. The enquiry for Broach continues on a small scale and business has been done in fine Broach April and May. In other descriptions there is nothing doing, but prices are rather irregular, being easier for Southern styles and Bengals, and steadier for Khandeish.

The enquiry for ready cotton continues on very moderate lines and prices are a little easier.

QUOTATIONS :—

	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M G Broach	...352-53	April
Fine M G Broach	...352-53	May
Fine M G Khandeish	...311	"
F G M G Khandeish	...299-300	"
Fine M G Khanguam Akola	...326	"
Fine M G Bengals	...302-3	"
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar	...351	"
Good H G Westerns	...336	"
Good M G Westerns	...342	"

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone ...	...	Dull
Estimated Sales ...	...	10,000 bales
Total Imports ...	...	1,000 "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.	June-July
7-42 unchgd	7-41 —01	7-42 unchgd	7-38 unchgd

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
7-35 +01	7-13 +01	6-84 +01	6-72 +02	6-68 +02

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—The market is steadier and prices have advanced.

We quote :—

Ready ...	... Rs.	11 9	0 B. T.
April-May ...	... "	12 3	0 R. T.

RAPESEED :—The market is steadier for forward delivery.

We quote :—

Brown Delhi April-May...	Rs.	6 15	0 B. T.
Brown Cawnpore Ready...	"	6 6	0 B. T.
Yellow Gazerat ...	"	7 10	0 B. T.

GINGELLYSEED :—The market is quiet.

We quote:—

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs.	51	8 0
Mimbara ...	"	52	8 0
Yellow Hinganghat ...	"	56	0 0
Red Jubbulpore ...	"	49	0 0
Black Kutni ...	"	44	8 0

POPPYSEED :—Quiet.

We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	10 7	0 B. T.
April-May ...	Rs.	10 14	0 R. T.

CASTORSEED :—Quiet.

We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	35	0 0

COTTONSEED :—Quiet.

We quote:—

Ready ...	Rs.	25 0 0	to 25 8 0

GROUNDNUTS :—Quiet but steady.

We quote :—

Bold ...	Rs.	42	8 0
Small ...	Rs.	41	0 0

WHEAT :—Quiet but steady.

We quote :—

White Delhi Apl.-May Rs. 4 13 0 B. T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,595
Bank of India	63 1-2
Eastern Bank	76 1-2
Indian Specie	51 1-2
Bank of Burma	134

MILLS.

David	376 1-2
Manockji Petit	2,650
Kohinoor	632 1-2
Standard	917 1-2
Sun Mill	67 1-2

PRESS.

New Mofussil	830

MISCELLANEOUS.

Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	16 1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	129 1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	169 1-2
Bombay Burmah T Co	532 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	1,077

RAILWAY.

Tapti-Valley	492 1-2 C D

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	14,109 bales
Wheat	12,095 cwts.
Linseed	42,136 "
Rapeseed	9,671 "
Gingellyseed	4,648 "
Poppyseed	61 "
Groundnut...	2,248 "
Castorseed	14,186 "
Rice	5,588 "
Myrabollams	4,109 "
Cottonseed	14,851 "
Mowraseed	Nil "
Gram	3,026 "
Joowar	1,150 "
Maize	827 "

ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Annual Report.

THE report for 1910 of the directors of the Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company, Ltd., to be presented to the annual meeting in Bombay on April 11, states :—

As on previous occasions, the directors are glad to report that substantial progress has been made, the result of the business being that the funds of the Company have increased by the sum of Rs.25,66,857-3-8 of which Rs.16,35,860-10-4 has been transferred to the Trust Fund. The total funds now amount to Rs. 3,73,17,601-9-0 accumulated resources which afford to all policy-holders unquestionable security. The average rate of interest realized during the year was over 5 per cent. after deduction of income tax. During the year 6,280 life proposals were made to the Company for assuring sums amounting in the aggregate to Rs. 1,20,36,000. Of this number 4,963 have resulted in policies, and the remainder have either been declined, withdrawn, or are awaiting completion. The total assurances effected during the year amounted to Rs. 93,43,575, the annual premiums thereon being Rs. 4,88,677-7-0. One temporary annuity bond was issued for Rs. 209-2-0, the consideration being Rs. 824-4-0. The total number of policies in force on the books of the Company is 57,455 assuring, with bonus additions, in the aggregate Rs. 10,95,53,200 of which Rs. 11,65,645 is reassured. In addition to the above business in force, there are 21 pension certificates for monthly pensions of Rs. 697-8-0, bringing in an annual premium income of Rs. 2,674. There are on the books 23 annuity bonds for Rs. 11,662 6-0, the price received thereunder being Rs. 1,34,730-4-0. Two annuities amounting to Rs. 867-12-0 terminated by the deaths of the annuitants. Claims for Rs. 25,58,889-2-3 were paid during the year. Total claims outstanding on account of incompleted documents at 31st December 1910, amount to Rs. 4,33,621-13-10.

The revenue for the year, less re-assurance premiums of Rs. 56,011-2-2 amounted to Rs. 59,70,286-15-9 of which Rs. 46,29,384-15-2 were derived from premiums, etc., and Rs. 13,40,902-0-7 from interest on investments. The total outgo for the year was Rs. 34,03,429-12-1 which includes claims, pensions, surrenders, annuities, dividends, and cash bonuses to policy-holders, etc., leaving a balance of receipts over disbursements of Rs. 25,66,857-3-8. The directors have resolved that Rs. 30,000 be paid from the contingencies reserve fund to the staff pension fund, and to pay to the widow of the late Mr Hormusjee Rustomjee Governor by way of gratuity for herself and family the sum of Rs. 4,860 in consideration of his long service of 28 years as an assistance in the head office of the Company.

The Directors recommend a dividend of 20 per cent per annum to shareholders for the year 1910.

Under the provisions of the Articles of Association, Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee, and Mr. James Murdoch, retire from office as directors at the general meeting, but are eligible for re-election.

It is again the directors' pleasant duty to congratulate the shareholders and policy-holders upon the very satisfactory results of the year's working. The addition to the funds is again the largest ever made by the Company in any one year. The new assurances put on the books show an increase over the excellent returns of last year of nearly 7 lakhs of rupees and the new annual premiums are the largest on record. The directors continue to give the fullest consideration to all the affairs of the Company, particularly in regard to the acceptance of lives and to expenditure.

ACTUARIAL REPORT.

The report of the Consulting Actuary states :—The operations of the Company for the triennium 1907-1909 shew a continuation of the progress and prosperity which formed so marked a feature of the operations for the immediately preceding triennium. There has been again a very large increase in the volume of new business and in the amount of the contributions; the expenses have been moderate; the rate of mortality has been low; the claims have been light; and the addition to the funds has been larger than in any previous triennial period. There has been an increase of nearly 4 1-2 per cent. in the new sums assured and of rather more than 6 1-2 per cent. in the new premiums, and the average sum assured by each new policy has risen from Rs. 1,691 to Rs. 1,783, indicating an improvement in the status of the lives accepted. The new business written by the Company has increased so rapidly that a large addition to the expense ratios might reasonably have been looked for : and yet they are not now materially different from what they have been for many years.

There has been an increase of Rs. 9,21,030 in the amount of the claims paid. This increase does not indicate that the rate of mortality has been heavier than formerly. The increase is less than might have been expected in view of the rapidly expanding business of the Company ; the rate of mortality is less than that which prevailed in the preceding triennium; and the total amount of claim actually paid is only 87·4 per cent. of the amount provided for by the mortality table based on the Company's past experience and used in the periodical valuations. The average rate of interest earned on the funds has been increasing, although from the nature of the investments in which the Company is bound to place the bulk of its funds a large increase cannot be looked for. During the last twelve years it has gradually increased from 3·68 per cent. to 3·91 percent.

A review of the whole of the operations of the Company during the triennium affords undoubted satisfaction. The pronounced signs of vitality and progress which were observed three years ago are again evident.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

Coal and Jute Neglected.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, March 29.

Discussing the present position in the Calcutta Share Market, 'Capital' points out that while the quotations for tea companies are slowly creeping up and the market is firm, the business in coal shares has dwindled down to insignificant dimensions and only a few small transactions are daily reported. Jute shares also are being neglected. A number of tea company reports are published for the past year. New Samanbagh declares ten per cent., the Kingsley, Golaghat Assam Tea Company declares twelve per cent; the Chandkira Co, seventeen and a half per cent., Dessai and Purbuttia six per cent., the Rydak Co,. ten percent; Syndicate Co ; ten per cent. The new Cinnatollish Tea Co., 31 per cent the Ellenbarie twelve per cent, and Killingar and Khoreel Co's ten per cent.

KARACHI WHEAT EXPORTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, March 30.

During the week ending the 27th instant 605,698 cwts of wheat was exported from Karachi, bringing the total exports since 1st January up to 3,779,311 cwts as against 1,933,860 cwts during the corresponding period of 1910.

KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, March 30.

The freight market during the week has been steady and has recovered the drop of 6d advised last week. About 8,500 tons have been booked on the berth during the week and a line of 5,000 tons for Antwerp was arranged in London at 15s-6d April shipment. Weather and crop reports from up-country continue to be good.

The Karachi freight market is firmer and over 8,000 tons have been taken up during the past week.

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard, Countess of Westmeath says : "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly greasable and beneficial Luxury for the Toilet Bath, and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition, delicately perfumed. Chemists Grocers, etc., sell it.

DAILY EXPORTS—MARCH 30.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Karachi s—800 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co ; 200 bales cotton, Glazebrook and Co ; 1,003 cwts myrabollams, K Kesowji ; 400 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 1,042 cwts myrabollams, A Khimji ; 50 bales hemp, Turner Morrison and Co ; 1,500 cwts wheat 4,000 cwts maize, Sanday and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Caledonia s—75 cwts coffee, James Finlay and Co ; 70 casks goat skins, Nizamudin and Co.

FOR HULL.

Ariosto s—8,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co.
Sandown s—2,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

City of Karachi s—2,000 cwts groundnuts, Volkart Bros ; 170 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
Clan Macfarlane s—2,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Dunster s—282 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 181 bales cottonfiy, Hurji Assoo ; 8,000 cwts linseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co ; 3,002 cwts linseed, G Bhimji ; 204 cwts myrabollams, A Khimji 110 bales cotton, Bombay Company.
Finay Lodge s—130 bales hemp, Kiddle Reeves and Co; 1,000 cwts groundnuts, A Blascheck and Co ; 1,518 cwts myrabollams, A Khimji 4,000 cwts linseed. Louis Dreyfus and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Gutenfels s—13 bales hemp, M Moolji and Co 4,004 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 25 cwts linseed K Kesowji and Co ; 170 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Burnfield s—1,000 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR NEW YORK.

Comeric s—6 bales cotton wrappers Ralli Bros; 40 cwts assafotida R Jivandas and Co; 262 cwts turmeric, R Morarji; 4,076 cottonseed A Khimji.
Ceicassia s—234 casks goat skins Cox's Shipping Agency.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Circassia s—18,750 pieces goat skins C J Mathews and Co.
Comeric s—5375 cwts myrabollams, A Khimji.

FOR GENOA.

Hindoostan s—56 bales cotton Volkart Bros; 150 bales oil cotton and 25 bales cottonfiy S N Kirtikar and Co.
Pelham s—1,000 cwts teelseed K Dewchand and Co.

FOR BREMEN.

Gutenfels s—115 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Africa s—200 cwts groundnuts 676 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 55 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

City of Karachi s—200 bales cotton A Moritz and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Tora Maru s—1,000 bales cotton Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Tosa Maru s—25 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

FOR MOJI.

Tosa Maru s—25 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, March 30.

The disturbance conditions have only given few light falls of rain in Eastern Bengal and Baluchistan and are disappearing, while the low temperatures that have prevailed in Northern India are less marked. A few thunderstorms have occurred in exteme south. The forecast shows a few isolated falls in Deltaic Bengal, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan and South Madras.

HEAVY STORM IN GOALPARA DISTRICT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, March 30.

A severe hailstorm passes over Goalpara District in Assam yesterday morning. The storm struck Abhayapuri village the seat of Bijni Raj. Almost all the houses were blown down and the telegraph lines are interrupted. Relief parties arrived from headquarters and provided a temporary shelter to the homeless.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 30TH MARCH.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 30th March, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Light to moderate cloud has appeared over the whole division. The air is generally damper than usual. Day temperature is in defect in the north-west Punjab, night temperature is equal to the average.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly clouded in the south-west and clear over the rest of the division. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is normal except for a defect during day at Allahabad and during night at Mainpuri and Jhansi.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air has become damper in upper Sind while it contains the usual amount of moisture in other districts. Temperature is nearly normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Cloud has increased and skies are now heavily clouded in Cutch and north Gujarat and lightly to moderately clouded in the remaining places. Humidity is in excess at Bhuj, in defect at Surat and normal elsewhere. Maximum temperature has risen and is above the average at Veraval; the minimum is normal everywhere.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are almost clear. Humidity is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is normal or in slight defect.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear at Bombay but light to moderate cloud persist in the south Konkan. Temperature is about the average.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air. Temperature is normal except for a defect during day at Aurangabad and an excess at Ahmednagar during night.

General Remarks.—Cochin reports 0·65" and Colombo 0·18" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded on the Malabar Coast, in Ceylon and the south-east of the Peninsula. Moderate cloud has spread also over the greater portion to the north of latitude 20o. Rain has almost ceased to fall in the Persian area.

Conditions are likely to remain slightly disturbed in the Punjab, Sind, Rajputana and the adjacent parts of Gujarat and west Central India. A few falls may occur in the south of the Peninsula and also in Ceylon.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 30th March, was 29·934 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 9 feet at 8 a. m, (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80deg. F. will be ·14 inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct in from these given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

THE Metropolitan officials of the Shantung and Yunnan Provinces have had many meetings regarding the reinstatement of Yuan shi-kai. Most of them propose that Yuan should be appointed to be a Special Comissioner Plenipotentiary of the Frontiers. A certain Vice-President has promised to head the Memorial.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as, for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

DEATH.

SYKES—March 13, at Jhelum, James Sykes, United Provinces Police (retired), aged 74 years and 6 months.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

English Mail steamer "Salsette" due to arrive at 6 a. m.
B. V. R. Prize Distribution, Town Hall, 9-15.
J. N. Petit Institute, Annual General Meeting, Hornby Road, 5-45 p. m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, three shows nightly, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Our star attraction, an unique film "The Midnight Express."
Skating Rink : Practice Session, 8 to 9 a.m. Ladies Session, 9 to 10 a.m., Evening Sessions, 6 to 8 p. m. Saturday nights, 9-30 to 11-30. p.m.

Maxim : "Quien compra paga" ["He who buys pays"].—Spanish Proverb.

ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Marmora" will leave Bombay harbour on Saturday, at 2-30 p.m.

REPORTED THEFT.—Mr. Tribhovandas Mangaldas Nathubhoy has reported to the Police the theft of a leather bag containing Rs. 1,500 in currency notes from a safe on the groundfloor of his mansion at Girgaon Back Road. The key of the safe was left on a table in the room.

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION.—The annual general meeting of the Bombay Sanitary Association will be held in the Municipal Council Hall on Tuesday the 4th proximo at 5-30 p. m., (S. T.) His Highness the Maharaja Gaikwar of Baroda has kindly consented to preside on the occasion.

DR. RANINA ON MALARIA.—Under the auspices of the Dnyan Prasarak Mandali (a society for the propagation of useful knowledge) Dr. R. N. Ranina delivered a lecture on Tuesday last at the Framji Cowasji Institute on "Malaria and its Prevention." The chair was occupied by Khan Bahadur D. R. Chichgar, who briefly introduced the lecturer, and then called upon him to deliver his address. At the conclusion of the lecture the President thanked Dr. Ranina for his able and interesting discourse and complimented him on the success he achieved in popularising the knowledge of such a technical subject.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. H. R. Vaughan and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, the Royal Warwickshire Regiment, will play the following programme of music at 6 p.m., (S. T.), this evening :—

March	The Inverary Harriers.....	Arr. J. Ord. Hume
Overture	Festival	Leutner
Selection.....	The Mikado	Sullivan
Valse	Comedie d' Amour	GustaveColin
Intermezzo...	On the Bosphorus	Paul Lincke
Valse	Septembre.....	GustaveColin
Selection.....	The Quaker Girl	Monckton

STRING BAND AT THE PRINCESS GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut-Col. J. S. McNeill, V. D., and the Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry. Vols. will play the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, at 6 p.m. this evening :—

March ...	...Per Aspera ad Astra	Urbach
A. Londler...	Grossmutterchen	Langer
Selection...	.....	Blume
Valse	Love and Life in Vienna.....	Komzak
Selection ...	Mikado	Sullivan
Valse ...	...Vision of Salome	Joyce

BAND AT THE ESPLANADE.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel H. R. Vaughan and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, the Royal Warwickshire Regt., will play the following programme of music, at 6 p.m. (S.T.) this evening :—

March	The Camlachie Scout.....	Arr. Ord. Hume
Overture ...	Festival	Leutner
Valse	Gloria deDijon	Andrew
Selection ...	Paglinci	Leoncavallo
Patrol	German	Eilenberg
Serenade ...	Darkies Frolic	Bray
Selection ...	A Gaiety Girl	Sidney Jones

GOLD CURRENCY.

Sir Vithaldas' Suggestion.

The following is the reply of the Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson to the Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey's suggestion in the last Legislative Council of a Gold Currency for India :—

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey, in the course of his most interesting remarks on our currency system, has reminded me that one of my distinguished fore-runners, Sir Clinton Dawkins announced that a gold mint would be opened in Bombay. That was exactly 11 years ago, and nothing has been done in the matter since. I acknowledge the justice of my Hon'ble friend's comments on this curious episode, and I will tell him exactly what happened. In 1899 the Government of India were invited, as the result of the recommendations of the Fowler Committee to make preparations for the coinage of gold in India. A scheme was prepared for a gold mint at Bombay ; and as Sir Clinton Dawkins said in 1900, all that then remained to do was to satisfy the Royal Mint about the suitability of the premises and appliances at Bombay. This unfortunately was never done as a number of technical and other difficulties were raised by the Royal Mint, which ultimately were out of the patience of Lord Curzon's Government. In the interval the Kolar gold-mining companies had mostly entered into agreements for the sale of their produce in England ; and the prospect of their bringing their gold to be refined and coined at Bombay—which was to be the "piece de resistance" of our gold mint—was thus deferred. In the circumstances it was decided in 1902 to drop the project and to wait until a stronger demand for a local gold coinage should arise. I am glad that the Hon'ble Member has raised the question to-day. His views on the importance of a gold coinage in India must necessarily carry great weight, and much has happened since 1902 which justifies the reopening of a question so closely associated with the success of our gold standard. I shall have pleasure in examining the subject again at an early date, and I shall take care that the weighty expression of opinion which we have heard from my Hon'ble friend to-day is fully represented to the Home Government.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COL. B. W. I. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 31st March.

283. Arms.—All Rifles and Accoutrements to be returned to Head-Quarters at once.

289. Prize Distribution—The Annual Prize Distribution will be held in the Town Hall to-day, the 31st instant, at 9-15 p.m. The Prize Distribution will be followed by a Dance. Admission will be by Invitation only, except as regards members of the Bombay Vol. Rifles, who attend in Uniform. Invitation for friends can be obtained by members on application at Head-quarters.

Dress Officers—Mess Dress. White. N C Officers and Volunteers—Mess Dress, or Uniform with caps.

290. Prize Shooting.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is reserved for "C" Company Prize Shooting on Sunday, the 2nd proximo. Only Extra Efficients and Recruits of the current season who have made themselves efficient will be allowed to compete. Intending Competitors must leave by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

291. Leave.—The Commanding Officer has been pleased to grant leave of absence to No. 6934 Vol. R Wallace, "G" Coy. from 1st April to 31st Dec. 1911.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

HIGH COURT.—MARCH 31.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE RUSSELL.)

For Consent Decree.

312-08 Ardeshir H D and Co R D Sethna vs Joshi Liladhar Lowji Edgelow G W and Co.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

37-10 Craigie B and Co, The Bank of India vs The Trimcumdas Mills Co. Payne and Co, Bhaishanker K and G
895-10 Jehangir M and S Peter d'Souza vs Rev Gabriel de Sou-a Daphtary F and D
1046-09 In person, Sayed Mahbook Alikhan vs Syed Sardar Alikhan and others
1119-09 Raghavaya B and K Mangalore Ramrao vs Kikabhai Premchand and others, Edgelow G W and Co
1151-09 Raghavaya B and N The Ahmedabad New Edward Mfg Co vs Soojanmal Soogannal, Pestonji R K & Co
16-10 Wadia G and Co E D Sassoon and Co vs Sidick Haji Hoosein, Edgelow, G W & Co
958-09 Madhowji K and Co Bala alias Rama Kamlia vs Gopal Nagoo Patel and others, in person, Madhowji K and Co Mirza M and M
29-10 Shroff D and D Khimji Hirji Hunsraj vs Jamshedji Furdunji Karkaria S B Mehta.
22-08 Mulla and M The Hon'ble the Advocate General of Bombay vs Jethabhai Ardeshir Seth and others, F P Pavri.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE DAVAR.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

1026-09 Captain and V. Mahomed Hussain Tharia Topan vs. Heerjibhoy Cawasji Gheewala Motichand and D
450-09 Jamshedji R and D Adbul Rehman Babu Saheb and another vs Cassam Ebrahim and others Edgelow G W and Bo Mirza M and Partly decreed.
98-06 Crawford B and Co The Advocate General of Bombay vs Sallay Mahomed Haji Ahmed Noorani Payne and Co.
1034-09 Captain and V The Advocate General of Bombay vs. Gordhandas Khatao and others Craigie B. and Co. Manekhlal J.H. and Co. Jehangir and S.
745-09 Captain and V Goolam Hoosein Tharia Topan vs Heerjibhoy Cawasji Gheewala Motichand and D
653-09 D J Mantri Harichandra Bhasker and others vs Krishnarao Balkrishnaji and another Daphtari F and D Little and Co
1008-09 Ardeshir B D and Co Manbai widow vs Goolam Hussein and others Captain and V Payne and Co Matubhai J, and M
1088-09 Motichand and D Messrs Ghelabhoy Liladhur and Co vs Makunji Depar J B Patel and Co
959-09 Bic

...O INTELLIGENCE.

...Countess Warwick, 2,566 tons, Captain ... arrived here yesterday from Calcutta ... a cargo of coal.

...r Line steamer Circassia, 4,326 tons, ... Osborne, arrived here yesterday from ...rch 7, with a general cargo and passen...

...N Company's steamer Itinda, 3,393 tons, ...ders, arrived here yesterday from Cal... 29, with a general cargo and passengers.

...F-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

...ith ....Capt J D Dick R N....Royal Navy
...ant.....Lt Comdr Hon R O B Bridgeman Royal Navy
...e .....Comdr J Harvey R N.....Special Service Steamer
...lstone .....Lt Comdr A St C Bowden R I Marine
...al Brankenbury .....Lt Comdr Robinson Target Towing Steamer
...aria.....Comdr Huddleston.....R I M
...dinge .....2976 Comdr C M Luck ..... R I M

...S IN THE HARBOUR.—March 30.

.....3433 Reid.....
.....2209 Smiles.....Graham &Co
.....3613 Jones .....B & P S N Co
.....3478 Knott .....W & A Graham & Co
...tor...3065 McKinnon.....James Finlay &Co
.....2,5...Delber.....M Maritimes & Co
...wick.....2568 Prentices.....W & A Graham & Co
.....4316 Osborne...W & A Graham & Co
.....762 Manley .....M M & Co
.....2733 Schlader.....Volkart Bros
.....2558 Williams .....E Tajbhoy
.....3068 Owen.....W & A Graham & Co
..... 758 Erikson .....F F Campbell & Co
.....2309 Goss .....M M & Co
.....2101.....Venus .....Naumea.....25-3
.....3362 Bishop .....M M & Co
.....2041 Bacon.....T Morrison and Co
.....1960 Klinger .....M M & Co
.....502 Baldwin .....B & P S N Co
.....2566 Borg .....Shah S N Co
.....1055 Hofman ... .Indo Burmah Petroleum Co
..... 3426 Scott.....M M & Co
...2564 Maude .....N F.....M M & Co
...09 Bamber .....M M & Co

...SSELS IN DOCK.—March 30.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

T.n. Capt. Dest. Date. Agents.
...2il ..3566 Morrison.....Liverpool...11-4 K Nixon & Co
...4 Archdeacon ...Stream ...3-4 M M & Co
.....2259 Peterson .....Genoa.....4-4 W & A Graham & Co
...2760 Bradley ...Hall....6-4....J Finlay&Co
...2798 Topp.....Rotterdam .....4-4 W & A Graham & Co
...1168 Gore B S Ports...8-4 B & P S N Co
...re.....2075 English .....Antwerp.....8-4 W & A Graham & Co
...2869 Dunning.....Antwerp.....4-4 J Mackintosh & Co
.....2615 Blackmore.....Dunkirk.....1-4 J Mackintosh & Co
.....2155 Clibbon...Mary Port...4-4 W & A G & Co
...2251 Johnstone .....Dunkirk.....31-3 W & A Graham & Co
...2,593 .....Hall.....New York.....8-4 W & A Graham & Co
...2471 Fancy...Antwerp...4-4 W&A G & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

...s .....2811 Schmehl...Rangoon.....30-3 W & A Graham & Co
...arlane...3575 Price.....Marseilles ...1-4 J Finlay & Co
.....2565 Seberich .....Tricste .....1-4 A L S N Co
.....2359 Mashall .....Genoa.....4-4 T Morrison & Co
.....3551 Franzins .....Karachi ...1-4 W & A Graham & Co
...Court ...378 Gleghorn.....Hull.....30-3 W & A Graham & Co
.....3610 Nomura ...Kobe ...7-4 ...N Y K
.....2720 Ward.....Antwerp.....6-4 J Mackintosh & Co
...York.....5019 Wilson...Karachi.....6-4 K Nixon & Co
...3,529 Hayward ...London ...8-4....P&OCo
.....508 Elton...Basreh...30-3....M M &Co
.....2346 Schlaffus.....Calcutta .....1-4 Venice S N Co
.....2466 Scott.....Dunkirk .....31-3 J Mackintosh & Co

H W P D

...Esmail...Mangalore...31-3 Bo S N Co Ld
...Ebrahim Gulf Port 3-3 Bo S N Co Ld
...547 Ahmed ...N F...N F...Bo S N Co Ld

H W V D

...McDiarmid ...Karachi ...31-3 ...M M & Co
Offside O
...Newby...R S Ports ...4-4...B & P S N Co

ARRIVALS.

	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
30	Countess Warwick	Prentice	Calcutta, Mar 17
	Circassia	Osborne	Liverpool,'Mar 7
	Itinda	Goss.....	Calcutta, Mar 13

DEPARTURES.

	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
30	Kaiser	Elton	Persian Gulf
	Gibraltar	Gore.....	Havre and Dunkirk

The following vessels obtained their port-clearance on Thursday:—
Wardenfels, Schmehl Rangoon,
Gosiar, Schreder, Marseilles and Hamburg.

The following vessels began to load on Thurday:—
Circassia, for Liverpool.
Trig nia, for Ranggon.
Marmora, for London.
To arrive.

MADRAS.
ARRIVALS.

Vessels.	From
Umfuli	Calcutta
Tannenfels	Antwerp
Equator	Rangoon
Coconada	Negapatam

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

...ata Nazionale di Servizi Marittimi Commer Iachia from Bombay arrived at Singa... 30th inst.
...d O. Company's steamer Banca left Cal... and is expected to arrive in Bombay at ...riday the 7th April.
...arian Lloyd's steamer Franz Ferdinand left ... the 27th instant and is due here on the ...mo.
...n Line steamer Clan Forbes arrived at Lon... evening of the 28th instant and the same ...steamer Clan Stuart left Liverpool on the ...of the 29th instant.

...T HORSE.

...ORDERS.
...BLE SIR HENRY COMMANDING.
...th March.
... will be held on the Gym... ...row afternoon, the 1st 4-30 pm
... part in the Sports (Mafft.)
... W. WILSON, Lieut. Actg.-Adjt. B. L. H.

...NTEER ARTILLERY.

...DERS BY MAJOR J. W. ...D., COMMANDING.
..., 31st March.
...—The Annual Rifle Meeting ...e G. I. P. Vol. Rifles Range at ..., 2nd April 1911. (Matches to be ...600 yards of Match 4.)
... Terminus at 6 a.m.
...ed fare tickets can be obtained ...d-Quarters.
... F Company will parade on ... p.m. on Saturday next, the 1st ...o Middle Ground and Oyster Rock ...anning.

...R. P. CUDLIP, Capt. R. A., Adjt. B. V. A.

Bombay Gazette.

SPLENDID SERIES OF EIGHT

CORONATION ARTICLES,

By a Brilliant Triumvirate :—

The DUKE of ARGYLL.

Mr. A. C. FOX-DAVIES

Mr. PHILIP GIBBS

We have arranged for the following series of Special Coronation Articles, which will appear in the columns of the *Bombay Gazette*, as follows :—

May 6th—The Royal Dynasty

May 13th—The Crown and Regalia

May 20th—Robes and Coronets for the Coronation

May 27th—The Hereditary Coronation Officers

June 3rd—The Coronation Ceremony.

By A.C. Fox-Davies, of Lincoln's Inn, Barrister-at-Law. Editor of Armorial Families and late editor of Dod's Peerage. Author of The Complete Guide to Heraldry, Their Majesties' Court, The Book of Public Arms, &c., &c.

N.B.—Mr. Fox-Davies is recognised as the chief living writer on Heraldry. His first brief was the Norfolk Peerage case, and he was paid a record first brief fee. He made his first speech in public at the bar of the House of Lords. He has been appointed one of the officers for the Coronation ceremony in the Abbey.

June 10th—Westminster Abbey: Its Glories and Eventful History

By Philip Gibbs. Author of The Street of Adventure, &c., &c.

June 17th } Modern Kingship
June 22nd } (Two Articles)

By His Grace the Duke of Argyll, K. T., Hereditary Master of the Royal Household, Scotland; Keeper of the Great Seal of Scotland; Governor and Constable of Windsor Castle.

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White Rose, 150 deg	5 12 2	" "
Chester, 125 deg	4 12 2	" "
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg	4 8 2	" "
Monkey, 125 deg	4 8 2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg	4 8 0	per two tins.
" 125 deg. (in Bulk)	8 9 0	per 8 gallons.

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TEAS

Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert;

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NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

***All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

"Temperance".—We have not kept your letter.

The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 31st March, 1911.

AUSTRALIA'S NAVY.

ADMIRAL SIR REGINALD HENDERSON, who was appointed by the Australian Federal Government to report on the subject of the naval defence of the Commonwealth, has just completed his report, which has been published in Melbourne. The main points on which advice was sought was as to the best position for the central naval base and the works necessary to make it effective; the positions of secondary bases for the service of a fleet and what should be done to make them of the [illegible] location and character of the training schools for preparing personnel for naval service—both officers and men and all branches of the service. Sir Gerald has told the Federal Government all it asked for and more, and if Australia is really in earnest, as notwithstanding her democratic independence, we believe she is, she has now a simple, cut and dried plan on which she may build up a navy competent to defend her own shores and to render valuable assistance to the Imperial Navy should occasion ever arise. As Sir Reginald points out in establishing a fleet of her own and developing her own naval resources, Australia is taking a large share in the inauguration of an Imperial movement which must result in strengthening the sea-power of the Empire. But, says he, although the Government may organise and foster the naval development of the Commonwealth, the ultimate success of this development rests, and must continue to rest, with the Australian people; upon their sincere and whole-hearted support and co-operation depends the efficiency of their fleet. Moreover, it will be to the personnel of that fleet that the people will entrust the guardianship of their homes. Australia heretofore has trusted to the Mother Country for protection, which has enabled her to remain undisturbed and to arrive at her present condition of prosperity. She has now assumed such proportions that it is necessary for her to make as liberal provision as is practicable for her own defence lest she become a prey to some other maritime power; but the primary object of an Australian Navy should be the immediate support of the rest of the Empire's naval forces in their determination to retain command of the sea. The geographical position of Australia, its immense coastline, sparsely populated districts, large shipping and coasting trade and over-sea communications require that the secondary object should be the protection of ports and shipping from raids and incursions by hostile ships and cruisers. The Commonwealth naval forces are therefore required to share in retaining the Imperial Supremacy and to render protection on the high seas to merchant shipping, upon which the commerce and therefore the prosperity of Australia depend.

Sir Reginald Henderson recognises that Australia, at the present time cannot do more than undertake her share of the burden now borne almost entirely by the Mother Country. As the provision of adequate naval defence is essential to every Australian who desires to preserve his nationality, it would seem just to assess such share in proportion to population; shipping and industry must also contribute and Sir Reginald has framed his proposals on the assumption that Australia desires to possess, as early as practicable, a fleet whose annual cost approximates to the proportion increasing gradually as the population and wealth of the Commonwealth grow. During that period of development Australia will have the advantage of benefiting by the experience of the British Navy and of obtaining from that Navy such personnel and materiel as she may require. The first step has been decided on and the fleet unit to be built will comprise one armoured cruiser, three protected cruisers, six torpedo-boat destroyers and three submarines. A scheme is suggested for the training of men and for the repair and overhaul of the ships; suggestions are also made as to naval bases. Sir Reginald would appoint a Naval Board without delay and as to the personnel he suggested that the requirements should be divided over four eras, consisting respectively of: first, seven years; second, five; third, fourth and fifth, five each—twenty-two years in all—this suggestion being a convenient guide to a procedure by which the recommendations embodied in the report can be carried out gradually, and by which the growth of the fleet in size and number of vessels can proceed concurrently as far as practicable with the entry and education of the personnel that it will require.

The scheme as propounded goes very carefully into details and on the subject of successive stages of development, culminating in the complete fleet, Sir Regin[illegible] Henderson says that the ships re[illegible] complete and maintain the fle[illegible] provided gradually, so tha[illegible] the fourth era Australia sho[illegible] armoured cruisers, ten prote[illegible]isers, eighteen torpedo destroyers, twelve submarines, three depot ships and one fleet repair ships. As regards control, Sir Reginald recognises that there is a great difference between the conditions as regards the naval forces in the Mother Country and the Commonwealth. In the former both the Navy and Board of Admiralty have been established for a long period and have stood the test of time and experience. In the latter both the Navy and its controlling authority have to be created and must necessarily be experimental. Nevertheless, he considers that a Board constituted on the lines of the Admiralty having responsibility as a whole, would meet the requirements of the Commonwealth better and would be well qualified to foster and develop the Australian fleet. It is essential too that the controlling authority in Australia should have and retain the full and complete confidence of the British Admiralty, "Ministers are here to-day and gone to-morrow," observes Admiral Henderson; their responsibility ends with their tenure of office, whereas the Navy is a living and growing organism, the creation of years, for which continuity of policy is essential. It should not be within the power of the Government of the day, for financial or any other reasons to take steps which may have disastrous effect at a future date on the safety of the Commonwealth, unless such steps are carried out with the full knowledge and approval of the people of Australia, who would have to bear the consequences. Altogether Admiral Henderson's scheme seems well adapted to Australia's requirements and, although there may be much preliminary criticism—from the financial and non-professional points of view—we believe there is every prospect that it will be adopted in its entirety.

LOCAL BOARDS IN BOMBAY. THE Bombay Government which certainly cannot be accused of harshness in judging [illegible] is compelled in its Resolution on the work of local boards during 1909-10 to express an opinion, which must be discouraging to advocates of Self-Government. Describing the general administration of the boards, Government makes the lukewarm remark that it continued to be as a rule satisfactory, but then seriously qualifies this by the candid admission that "non-official members with a few notable exceptions, manifest little interest in the affairs of the boards," and their success depends "mainly on the energy and attention devoted by district and taluka officers." This only confirms the view which, notwithstanding our sympathy with legitimate Indian aspirations, we have always held, that local Self-Government has been too precipitately and too indiscriminately introduced into this dependency, amongst people, who are not competent to fulfil its obligations and are not sufficiently interested to endeavour to qualify themselves. In the majority of instances, the work of local administration would be far greater expedition, economy and efficiency by the servants of Government, while in a few cases the maladministration of affairs has been so acute and has displayed such gross negligence, that Government have been obliged, although as they confess with great reluctance, to withdraw the powers which they have bestowed. One such case occurred during the year under report and resulted very soon after its close in the supersession of the Dharwar Taluka Local Board. With regard to the Works Committees, established by many local authorities, the Resolution is but little more encouraging. It says: "The Works' Committees in the Northern Division, except in the Panch Mahals, and those in East Khandesh and Sholapur, are said to have taken a fair amount of interest in their duties, while very little good has been done by these bodies in the Southern Division. In the East Khandesh District a set of simple rules defining the duties of Works' Committees is under preparation, and this example may be usefully followed in other districts. The Governor in Council is of opinion that the rules should provide that each member of a Works' Committee should be entrusted with the supervision of certain specified works and that it should be his duty to record his remarks on each visit to a work in a book kept for the purpose."

Turning to Local Board finance, one finds that the income of the authorities showed some increase from 65 lakhs to 68 1-3 lakhs, but the apportionment, of expenditure betrays the unusual feature. As in the past, expenditure in connection with communications was the largest, although there is a slight decline over the total of the preceding year. In all districts repairs were carried out, new roads were in progress or completed, old roads improved, ferry boats purchased and bridges built, effecting in the sum a considerable advance in the means of communiction in the Presidency. The demands of education were naturally higher in all the diivisions owing to the opening of primary schools and the improvement of primary teachers' salaries, while there was a notable increase in medical expenditure, which is due to the construction of new dispensaries, re-equipment of old ones and other extensions of work. Finally, one feature, the general excess of closing balances over the prescribed measures is satisfactory in so far as it represents unexpected recoveries of land revenue or other receipts, but unfortunately in some cases, particularly in Sind, it is due to the fact that moneys allotted have not been utilised either by the Public Works Department, or in [illegible] local authorities on account [illegible] establishments. The total of [illegible] in the Presidency [illegible] 28 1-2 lakhs of rupees, a de[illegible] of a lakh and a quarter, although [illegible] the Northern division the balance is four times and in Sind as much as twelve times the prescribed minimum.

BURKE AS A TEXT-BOOK. The recent change in some text-books on English literature in the Calcutta Univer[illegible] what keenly discussed in Indian especially the removal of works from the list of texts pres[illegible] to be studied by undergraduates is being adversely commented on. We do not attach much importance to the absence of Burke from University texts, because we think there is wisdom in variety, and the monotony of prescribing the same textbooks over and over again and year after year should be avoided. Burke is a favourite author and his books are prescribed in all the Indian Universities. There used to be a time when Burke, especially his "Reflexions on the French Revolution," was set before Indian students of an University every year; but the syndicate of late years has wisely broken through this regular custom and prescribed other authors to take their turn with Burke. This departure, in former years, called forth no criticism here and was rather welcomed as giving the students an opportunity of knowing the wide range of English literature. Surely our literature has many other masterprices which Indians can study very profitably, and all our political wisdom is not confined to his pages alone. But just now the Indian mind is in a peculiar humour and has grown somewhat sensitive and also suspicious. Probably in the Indian mind this removal of Burke from the University curriculum is connected by a somewhat subtle process with the present unrest and the desire of the authorities to allay it. There is an impression among Indians that Englishmen hold writers like Burke partly responsible for the present ferment and that, therefore, an opportunity has been sought to prevent the students from reading him at the University. This misimpression, for such it is, ought first to be removed and we are afraid that sufficient pains are not taken to remove it. Unfortunately too the author by whom Burke has been replaced at the University of Calcutta lends some colour to this impression. Carlyle has been called the apostle of force, the admirer of the strong man, of the hero who like Cromwell puts down Parliaments or like Napoleon who imposes himself on the will of the people. His works are therefore prescribed, think the students, in order to incline the Indian mind towards a strong rule of one man rather than to the free and constitutional rule of the people of which Burke is the champion. But we are pretty sure such a thing as is imagined by the over-sensitive Indian mind never entered into the thoughts of those who removed Burke and put Carlyle in his place. Moreover, Burke is really a classic of conservatism, and leads his reader as much as Carlyle to abhor popular excess. We think that a proper study of Burke, especially his "Reflexions" ought to be specially helpful on the side of authority and order at the present juncture of extremism and unrest, and the authorities of the Calcutta University would have done well to leave his works in their curriculum undisturbed. But since they have thought fit to introduce other authors to the notice of Indian students there is very little reason to complain of it on recondite grounds of political expediency.

DURING their visit to Matheran, their Excellencies Sir George and Lady Clarke, accompanied by Mr. Kabraji, the Collector, Major Gordon Tucker and Captain Davis, visited the Hon'ble Mr. Abdul Hussin. Mr. Abdul Husein conducted them to the new road which he has built. His Excellency has graciously consented that the road be named after him. From there Mr. Abdul Husein conducted their Excellencies and party to Meher Villa and Moti Villa, which form a part of the new development scheme he is carrying on. His Excellency, after seeing Moti Villa expressed his entire satisfaction at the way in which the areas of the bungalows were cut and at the small bungalows which were built at such moderate cost.

THE current "Bombay Government Gazette" notifies that June 3rd is declared a public holiday on account of His Majesty's Birthday.

THE P. and O. Company's s s. "Persia," with the homeward mails of the 25th instant, arrived at Aden at 1-30 a.m. yesterday.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Delta," with the outward mails of the 24th instant, passed Suez at 11 p.m. on Wednesday the 29th idem.

AT the Madras Trades' Association meeting, the Hon'ble Mr. E. W. Orr, the association member in the Legislative Council, said that the introduction of the new reforms was a work which the Association did not approve generally. The reforms, however, having been sanctioned, the Association accepted them loyally. Mr. J. O. Robinson was re-elected Chairman.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending March 25, was 909, giving a death-rate of 48·34 per annum per thousand as against 44·93 the corresponding period of last year, and 62·48 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 55 died from fevers; 206, plague; 26, small-pox; 49, measles; 1, leprosy; 37, phthisis; 39, diseases of the nervous system; 236, affections of the respiratory organs; 39, diarrhœa; 15, dysentery; 23, still-born; 78, old age and debility; 14, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 38; Brahmin, 29; Lingaet, 3; Bhattia, 10; Hindu of other caste, 427; Hindu low caste, 113; Musalman, 213; Parsi, 31; Jew, 2; Native Christian, 38; and European, 5. The total number of births was 403 as against 317 for the corresponding period of last year, and 353 the average over the past five years.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MARCH 10.

QUEEN MARY AND HER MAIDS-OF-HONOUR.

QUEEN MARY is very particular in regard to the gowning of those in her immediate entourage, neatness and quite good taste being the "mot d'ordre" amongst her Ladies-in-Waiting, and the youthful recently-appointed Maids-of-Honour. Amongst other regulations issued as Royal commands to the latter youngladies were certain minute details, more especially as regards their morning and afternoon attire when in waiting on her Majesty. Queen Mary has a dislike, for instance, to the blouse or costume being cut low in the neck, and she permits only the neat high collar or lace for morning or afternoon toilettes. The Queen, too, has commanded that when in waiting, her maids shall eschew another mode, somewhat in favour with many young girls at the moment, viz., the wearing of short elbow sleeves, and it may doubtless have already been remarked in some recent photographs published of one or other of the Queen's Maids of-Honour that with their neat morning gowns the sleeves, appear finishing closely up to the wrist. The Queen has also in this respect, signified her liking for the neat small toque in preference to the wide-brimmed, fashionable hat with its towering plumes.

WOMEN AND VOTES.

Addressing a meeting at Cambridge last night, in support of the National League for Opposing Woman Suffrage, the Earl of Cromer contended that the attempt to drag women into the whirlpool of politics flew in the face of Nature, which had clearly indicated the spheres of action respectively assigned to the two sexes. The point was: Was it in the interests of the community at large that women should vote for Parliament; that they should as a natural consequence ultimately sit in Parliament; and that they should be capable of filling the highest ministerial appointments? He had no hesitation in answering with a decided negative. Women, though not intellectually inferior, were more prone to jump at conclusions, and to be carried away by sentiment than were men, both physically and morally. The whole of woman's existence hinged on the sacred and all-important function of maternity, and when a woman married there was necessarily a break of continuity in their work. There was no evidence to show that women, if they had the vote, would use it for the best interests of their sex. Indeed, it was quite the opposite. The whole history of the suffragist campaign was a continuous record of opposition to measures prepared by men and supported by womanly women to benefit women and children, etc.

GREEN AS THE FAVOURITE COLOUR.

Green is a colour which appears to be gradually emerging from the cloud of superstition which has hitherto enfolded it. From time immemorial there have been women who have read into the green gown auguries of bad luck which they have persistently tried to back up with circumstantial evidence, very much, apparently, to their own satisfaction. Why they should have done so it is hard to imagine, since Nature herself had chosen green as her favourite colour. Be that as it may, the wearer of an engagement ring set with an emerald was supposed to be doomed as far as her wedding was concerned, while to a bride or bridesmaids in our grandmother's days the mere suggestion of wearing a green gown would have been almost enough to evoke a swoon on the spot. Nowadays, however, bridesmaids are far from averse from introducing green into their toilettes, and even the bride thinks nothing of going away in a green gown; while one of the boldest coups was that of an enterprising bride who had touches of the softest green silk worked into the embroidery of huge white lilies which adorned the wedding dress itself, and other since then have shown equal indifference. As a matter of fact, superstition usually yields somewhere or other, and one wonders if there is a single bride nowadays who would care to run the risk of having the beautiful silver work on her wedding dress tarnished and dulled by refusing to have it covered with the black tissue paper which is its only protection, in spite of the fact that black is supposed to be inimical to a bride's dress. If we still consult palmists and crystal gazers, we are, nevertheless, more practical and sensible in the matter of our little supposition, and at least we have decided that it would be a foolish expedient to banish green from our colour card. Perhaps the fact that we have grown fond of the little greenstone charms which the Maoris delight in, and which are supposed to bring luck instead of disaster, may be one of the reasons why the colour beloved by Robin Hood has come into favour.

GROTESQUE FASHIONS.

The effect of the hobble and harem skirt fashions on English textile industries was discussed by the Nottingham Chamber of Commerce the other night. A resolution to be submitted at a meeting of the Associated Chambers in London was moved by Mr. B. T. Stiebel. That the fancy and other textile trades of this country are gravely injured by the extravagant and grotesque vagaries of Paris fashion, and it would conduce to greater stability and diminished losses in these trades if the legitimate leaders of English society were to set the fashions for English ladies' dresses instead of adopting those set by irresponsible persons in Paris. Some Paris fashions, he said, had become so outrageous that it had become a matter of great courage for ladies to wear them. The serious side was that the trade of Nottingham, Lyons, and Calais in all kinds of white cloth for skirts and shirting was materially interfered with. He declared that at the present time a syndicate was being formed in Calais to pay large sums to designers in Paris houses to bring about the use of their goods. He believed that if a man who manufactured leather were to subsidise these Paris people they would see ladies wearing leather breeches. (Laughter.) Thousands of people in England were suffering serious injury through these fashions. When they allowed a sense of the grotesque to rule the fashions it became a grave matter if they would stick to the rule of trousers for men and skirts for women. (Laughter.) Mr. J. T. Spalding thought London led the fashion, and set better fashions than Paris. The harem skirt would not influence Englishwomen; they were too sensible. It would, however, be beneficial to trade generally if the present extreme fashions were altered. Mr. Stiebel said the matter was too serious to be farcical. The Associated Chambers would enjoy discussing it. After further discussion it was agreed that the resolution should not be sent to the Associated Chambers.

A WEDDING.

The bridal gown worn by Miss Stapleton Cotton on the occasion of her marriage to Viscount Hood was of rich ivory satin charmeuse, made "en princesse," with a long "tablier" of handsome embroidery of pearls and brilliants, and an underskirt, revealed at the side of silver gauze, brocaded with an Empire design in silver thread. Some Brussels lace, the gift of her mother, was arranged on the court train, and her veil, also of Brussels lace, was the gift of Viscountess Hood. She carried a picturesque sheaf of lilies. In addition to the two bridesmaids—the Hon. Venetia Baring (niece of the bridegroom) and the Hon. Harriet Trefusis (cousin of the bridegroom)—the bride was followed by four children, the Hon. Patricia Herbert and the Hon. Ursula Talbot (cousins of the bride) and the Hon. Sidney Herbert and Master Roger Chetwode (cousin and nephew of the bride). The bridesmaids' lovely dresses were of pale primrose satin, draped "cross-over" fashion over under-dresses of drawn chiffon, and finished with girdles of thick cord. Their headdresses—wreaths of primroses over silver net veils, edged with pearls—were charmingly conceived, and a picturesque finish was given to their toilettes by sheaves of daffodils tied with blue ribbon. The bridegroom gave them enamel primrose brooches, set with an "H" in diamonds, and surmounted by a jewel coronet. The little girls were dressed in long frocks of white lawn over silk, sashed with primrose silk, and they had wreaths of primroses, while the little boys' "Hopner" suits were carried out in buff and blue, and they carried quaint buff hats.

THE OPERA HOUSE

Among the many functions that will take place in London during the Coronation season none will be more brilliant than the Gala night at the Opera House. It is turned for the night into a very Aladdin's Palace, tier upon tier of boxes simply one mass of floral garlands, separated from each other by lines of gleaming gems worn by their occupants, ranged on either side and above and below the central point opposite the stage, where in a box (to make which several ordinary boxes are for the nigh[illegible]

knocked into one) are gathered all the members of the Royal family, with their guests and suites. In no other country is such a sight afforded, for in no other country do crowned heads assemble in such numbers as have already on several previous occasions been seen at the Opera House, and will be so seen again this year.

SELFISHNESS.

Are people any more selfish now than formerly? Of course, you may find evidence of selfishness in the insistence on "living one's own life," which is as fashionable as the passion for taking care of other people's lives. But after all, leaving the hysterical and the neurotic out of the account, this makes on the whole for righteousness. For it works against the old ingrained tendency of families to sacrifice some of their members on the altar of the one or the two. Selfishness is one of the subtlest forms of vice and doubtless the waste and misery that it has caused exceed by far the fruits of other grosser evils. For it has always been so popular. Millions of people who count themselves immaculate grudge anything which hampers or limits their pleasures, and deny other folk their due for the sake of being comfortable. But if you said they were selfish they would think you stupidly insolent. We all know the fat[illegible] who must have everything of the best, though he leaves his wife and daughters with a pittance, and the brother to whom his sisters futures are sacrificed, and the wife who must live in the way m[illegible] uncomfortable to her husband and the rest of the tribe.

JEWELS AT THE DURBAR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—My attention has been drawn to an article in your esteemed paper of the 29th instant, headed as above, in which, after mention is made of several famous gems, the reference is made to the Nizam's Diamonds—the rough, uncut stone and the other which has been erroneously described as the "Victoria Diamond." I think that I can confidently state that the "Imperial Diamond" is referred to, which was not bought for £400,000, but £300,000 from me, of which sum only £150,000 have been paid, and which was earnest-money in advance when the sale was concluded by me with the vendors; and it was due to the interference of the British Resident at Hyderabad (at that time Sir Dennis Fitzpatrick) that the Nizam was induced to repudiate the sale, a condition of the contract being that as soon as I was able to notify that I had secured the stone, £150,000 would be paid, and that the other moiety would be paid on delivery. The Nizam repudiated the sale, alleging that it was a contingent contract "passand yah na passand," that is to say, subject to "approval or non-approval." The Nizam's Government, prosecuted me criminally on charges of misappropriation and breach of trust in respect to the sum of twenty-three lakhs paid as earnest-money; and it was only because in course of the trial I was able to prove that it was an outright and unconditional sale that the Special Jury empanelled to try me passed an unanimous verdict of acquittal, with which the presiding Judge declared his unreserved agreement in pronouncing my acquittal. But, notwithstanding, you may be surprised to learn that the remaining moiety of £150,000 continues to remain unpaid, nor can I put the law in motion to recover it, as a Native Prince cannot be proceeded against without the sanction of the Government. To prove my innocence and my rights, I was launched into an expenditure of Rs. 4,00,000 (four lakhs) in legal expenses, for which I have not been in any way compensated: the result is, my complete ruin, and instead of dealing in lakhs in gems and precious stones, I am now eking out an existence selling Chinaware for comparatively paltry sums. Under such circumstances, it is not difficult for me to be able to say that no one knows more about the Imperial Diamond than I do, and all I can hope is that it will be less of a curse to the owner than it has been to me. It has, as a matter of fact, cost the Nizam only twenty-three lakhs (£150,000), unless he pays to me the balance due of £150,000. The gem is now worth four times the contract sale price, namely, its original price—£1,250,000, which was the sum asked for it. It is immeasureably superior to the "Kohinoor," being heavier by seventy-three carats and pure and free from any flaws, while the "Kohinoor" has two deep set flaws, which have the effect of considerably reducing its value as a gem. Apart from the faultless character of the Imperial Diamond, its equal in purity, whiteness, and lustre is yet unknown; and it is therefore the greatest gem the world has ever known, and the Nizam is the possessor of a stone that would easily, if placed in the market, realise at least a million pounds sterling. The benefit is the Nizam's and the experience is mine, which is very bitter.—Yours, etc.,

A. M. JACOB, (late of Simla.)

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

Threat to a Magistrate.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 30.

The "Englishman" and the "Statesman" to-day both comment upon an incident which occured [illegible] the Calcutta Police Court yesterday. It seems that in the case where one A. Frood, formerly manag[illegible] of the Bombay Motor Car Company, was [illegible] with criminal breach of trust, Mr. Swinh[illegible] Presidency Magistrate, before deliver[illegible] said he had received, indirectly, a [illegible] purported to come from some o[illegible] one of the leading papers of Cal[illegible] that Frood's case was purely a [illegible] was a friend of his, and that [illegible] visited and sent Frood to [illegible] it extremely uncomfortabl[illegible] Magistrate went on to s[illegible] powerful it might be, [illegible] what he considered to [illegible]

The Court sentenced [illegible] ous imprisonment on [illegible] sentences to run conc[illegible]

Attitud[illegible]

The "Englishman" [illegible] with the Magistrate a[illegible] his remarks had no re[illegible] that in the circumstanc[illegible] ces, the Magistrate migh[illegible]

The "Statesman" say[illegible] serious to be settled b[illegible] Swinhoe adopted. A th[illegible] the conduct of a magi[illegible] duties cannot be[illegible] trust that the p[illegible] which is a das[illegible] the press [illegible] Mr. Swin[illegible] offender a[illegible] nected, ha[illegible] Calcutta[illegible] to the o[illegible] the lead[illegible]

At [illegible] Justic[illegible] cation[illegible] who w[illegible] Presid[illegible] crimin[illegible] and be[illegible] under e[illegible] Their [illegible] Magistra[illegible] and sen[illegible] was forc[illegible] Motor C[illegible] Lordship[illegible]

DURI[illegible] hund[illegible] rem[illegible] Bo[illegible] s.[illegible] b[illegible]

ADVANCEMENT OF ARBITRATION.

INFLUENCE OF THE BIBLE TERCENTENARY.

Parliamentary Committee Formed.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 30.

A Parliamentary Committee, representative of all parties, is being formed to advance the principle of unrestricted arbitration treaties.

LONDON, MARCH 30.

A demonstration was held last evening in the Albert Hall, in commemoration of the tercentenary of the Authorised Version of the Bible.

Mr. Asquith, in his speech, dwelt on the Bible as the common possession of the English-speaking world. There could not, he said, be a more splendid monument of the tercentenary year than the sealing of a solemn pact between the English-speaking nations, which would end the hideous, unthinkable possibilities of fratricidal strife.

Mr. Whitelaw Reid, the United States Ambassador, described the tercentenary as the most important of past years, furnishing the strongest bond of the present practical unity in aims and aspirations of the great English-speaking family of nations, which was the greatest guarantee of the peace and progress of the world. He read a message from President Taft, declaring that the Bible bound together, as nothing else could, the two great Anglo-Saxon nations, who were one in blood, speech and common religion.

RUSSIAN NAVAL ESTIMATES.

New Squadron to be Organised.

ST. PETERSBURG, MARCH 30.

In the Duma, yesterday, during the debate on the Naval Estimates, the Reporter severely criticised the inactivity of the administration, compared with the enormous progress of Russia's neighbours. He complained that the naval credits were not employed for the purposes for which they were intended, and urged the necessity of creating a new fighting fleet.

The Government, replying, said that the Navy was in the best state of preparedness, and pointed out that a new fighting squadron would be organised in the Baltic in 1911, constituting the beginning of the development of the fleet. Two Dreadnoughts would be added in the autumn to the two launched in 1910.

DOVER-CALAIS STEAMER AGROUND.

Passengers Safely Landed.

LONDON, MARCH 30.

The Dover-Calais night boat ran on to the beach last night, midway between Sangatte and Calais, in a thick fog and darkness. The vessel carried eight-one passengers who were in a state of greatest alarm. They were, however, safely landed and conveyed with the mails in carts to Calais, escorted by Gendarmes.

[illegible]TO ATTEND A [illegible]SIC-HALL.

LONDON, MARCH 30.

[illegible]een, in reply to Sir Edward [illegible]ted that it will be their [illegible]tend a command Music-[illegible] Edinburgh, in July.

[illegible]SH SHOPPING.

LONDON, MARCH 30.

[illegible]d Deaborough will preside [illegible]on, to consider the ques-[illegible]ritish shopping weeks in

[illegible]RENDUM BILL.

LONDON, MARCH 29.

[illegible] Referendum Bill in the [illegible]been indefinitely adjourn-[illegible]h the suggestion of Lord

[illegible]OR INDIA.

[illegible]tion of the Coin.

[illegible]RT SAID, MARCH 29.

[illegible] "Delta" to-day shipped [illegible]dia.

[illegible]LONDON, MARCH 30.

[illegible]the Chartered Bank of [illegible] China, the Chairman [illegible]gth the growing import-[illegible]dia of which, during 1910, [illegible]millions had disappeared [illegible]was being hoarded. He [illegible]n the increasing use of [illegible]ead of rupees. He was [illegible]e ultimate effect would [illegible]need for apprehension in [illegible]esent, in view of the in-[illegible]put of the world.

[illegible]L AT HOME.

[illegible]LONDON, MARCH 29.

[illegible]sults are :

[illegible] West Bromwich ...	1
Leicester Fosse ...	0
West Ham ...	0
Swindon	1

THE DELHI DURBAR.

Mr. Montagu Questioned as to Cost.

MORE EXPENSIVE THAN THAT OF 1903.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 29.

Replying to Mr. Morrell, in the House of Commons, Mr. Montagu stated that he was unable yet to say what would be the cost of the Durbar. The review would be on a large scale, involving increased accommodation for the troops. Prices and wages had risen since 1903, so that for these and other reasons, the Durbar would no doubt cost more than that of 1903.

Mr. Keir Hardie asked whether the estimated expenditure was due to any suggestions of the India Office.

Mr. Montagu said that the rough estimate sent from India in connection with the Budget arrangements came from the Government of India.

Replying to further questions by Mr. Morrell, Mr. Montagu gave details of the estimates of expenditure in connection with the Royal visit, which would be submitted by the Indian Government to the Secretary of State. The Government had not yet sanctioned the expenditure at all, but had sanctioned a provision of £940,000 in the Budget.

The Silver Duty.

Replying to another question, Mr. Montagu said there was no intention of reducing the import duty on silver.

THE TROUBLE IN ALBANIA.

Arms Supplied from Montenegro.

FOUR TRIBES IN REVOLT.

LONDON, MARCH 30.

It is officially stated in Constantinople, that a number of Montenegrins joined the Albanians in an attack on Turkish block-houses, also that the Albanians had procured arms and ammunition from Montenegro.

Turkey has, therefore, requested Montenegro to adopt an attitude in conformity with the relations of friendly neighbouring countries.

CONSTANTINOPLE, MARCH 30.

The Albanian outbreak seems to have caused almost a panic at Scutari where the garrison is depleted owing to the expedition in the South.

Town criers at Alessio called for Volunteers, proclaiming a holy war against Christian Albanians.

The Consuls remonstrated to the Vali who explained that the criers had made a mistake. Nevertheless, this appeal to religious fanaticism led to the enrolment of numerous Moslems.

RUSSIA AND CHINA.

Strengthening the Bonds of Amity.

LONDON, MARCH 29.

China's complete acceptance of Russia's demands has satisfied Russia, who has expressed her pleasure and the conviction that China will strictly observe the Treaty in future and thus further strengthen the ancient bonds of amity.

FIRE IN THE CAPITOL EXTINGUISHED.

Nothing Covered by Insurance.

WASHINGTON, MARCH 30.

The fire in the Capitol was extinguished at noon. The damage is estimated at five million dollars, excluding the value of the unique documents destroyed. Nothing was insured.

GERMAN INSTRUCTOR'S ASSASSIN.

Summary Sentence of Death.

CONSTANTINOPLE, MARCH 30.

The assassin of Colonel Schlichting has been sentenced to death and will be executed forthwith.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, MARCH 30.

The death is announced of Sir Caspar Purdon Clarke.

[The late Sir Caspar Purdon Clarke was born in London, in 1846, and received his education at Saultier's Collegiate School, Sydenham, and Beancourt's School, Boulogne. In 1862, he entered the National Art Training School, South Kensington, became a Medallist in 1864 and in the following year received the National Medallion. In 1865, he entered H. M. Office of Works, Houses of Parliament, and in 1867 went to the Architect's Office in the South Kensington Museum. In 1869, he was Superintendent of Art Reproductions in Italy, while in 1874 he was engaged in the building of H. M. Legation at Tehegan and the surveying of Consular property in Persia. In 1876, he went through Greece, Turkey and Syria collecting art objects for the South Kensington Museum, and two years later he was architect of the Indian Section and Commercial Agent to the Government of India at the Paris Exhibition. He travelled widely from time to time collecting for the South Kensington Museum, in which institution he was Keeper of Art Collections in 1892 and Director in 1896. He was Royal Commissioner at the Paris Exhibition of 1900, and at the St. Louis Exposition of 1904, and he attended many other European Exhibitions in an official capacity. His work brought him in touch with India, and, after arranging the Indian collection in the South Kensington Museum in 1880, he was appointed Special Commissioner in India from 1880 to 1882, and was Keeper of Indian collections at the Museum in 1883. He was made a Chevalier, Legion d'Honneur in 1878, a C. I. E. in 1883, a C. V O. in 1905, and an LL.D. of McGill University in 1908. He was a member of many societies and an authority on Oriental carpets on which subject he was Government Editor.]

LORD ROBERTS' NEW BOOK.

Arguments for Compulsory Training.

THE LESSON OF TRAFALGAR.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 29.

Messrs. John Murray, to-day, publish Lord Roberts' book entitled "Fallacies and Facts," controverting the arguments against compulsory service contained in Sir Ian Hamilton's book, and in Mr. Haldane's introduction to it.

Lord Roberts insists that a fortnight's training yearly in the Territorials will not give in fifty years the stability or discipline required in modern war. The irreducible minimum, he says, is from four to six months' continuous training as a climax to years of cadet training.

Lord Roberts dwells on the great need of power of expansion of the Regular forces, which should be fed from a compulsory home army in time of national struggle.

He concludes:—"If we intend to maintain the balance of power in Europe, while we move steadily along the path of Empire elsewhere, we must be able to render efficient military aid to any first-rate military Power, with which we may be in alliance. Because we had no military power to follow up Trafalgar, we were burdened with the expense of ten more years of war." Lord Roberts predicts a similar danger in the future.

CAPE POST OFFICE BILL.

Rebate Clause Adopted.

CAPE TOWN, MARCH 30.

In the House of Assembly to-day, the Rebate Clause in the Post Office Bill was again debated and by 82 votes to 16 adopted.

An amendment limiting the carriage of mails to British vessels was negatived by 56 to 27.

Sir D. P. Graaff, Minister of Posts, declared that the Imperial Post Office had cabled to the effect that it maintained the attitude it had taken up in 1899, when it objected to the limitation proposed.

[Sir D. P. Graaff, Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, introducing the Bill had suggested that preferential treatment should be extended at ports to liners not belonging to the shipping ring. He declared that the South Africans intended to be masters in their own home.]

LIEUT.-COLONEL LESLIE'S DEATH.

LONDON, MARCH 30.

Lieutenant-Colonel Leslie, Indian Sanitary Commissioner, has died at Marseilles.

[Lieut.-Colonel John Thomas Waddell Leslie, C.I.E., I.M.S., M.B., D.P.H., Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, was born On 1861. After receiving his education at the Gymnasium, Old Aberdeen, at the University of Aberdeen and in Edinburgh, London, Munich, and Paris he joined the Indian Medical Service in 1884 and did military duty until 1869, during which time he served in the Burmese expedition in 1885 receiving medal and clasp. He then became Secretary to the Inspector-General of Prisons and Sanitary Commissioner, Burma; Junior Civil Surgeon, Rangoon; Chemical Examiner, Calcutta, and Professor of Chemistry at the Calcutta Medical College. After being for some time Secretary to the Director-General of I. M. S. and Sanitary Commissioner, with the Government of India, was promoted to the latter post in 1904.]

PLAGUE IN INDIA.

Heavy Weekly Mortality.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 30.

During the week ending 25th March, 45,251 seizures and 39,380 deaths from plague in India were reported. Of the Provincial figures the United Provinces heads the list with 24,495 attacks and 22,445 deaths. Bombay reported 1,759 deaths, Madras 139, Bengal 5,356, the Punjab 8,038, Burma 108, the Central Provinces 1,259, Coorg 1, Mysore 114, Hyderabad 136, the North-West Frontier Province 5, and Kashmir 23.

MUNSHIGUNJ BOMB CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, MARCH 30.

In the Munshiguni Bomb Case before Mr. Newbold to-day the two assessors gave written opinions acquitting the accused on the ground that he had not been shown to be connected with the bombs. Judgment will be given by the Court on Monday.

TORNADO AT MIDNAPUR.

Much Damage Done.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 30.

A Midnapur correspondent of the "Indian Daily News" describes a small tornado of extraordinary violence which passed close to that station last Monday afternoon unroofing one or two houses it crossed, killing one of the inmates and injuring two others. It also blew a ticca ghairy high in the air the traces and collars being torn from the necks of the ponies which galloped into safety.

THE COMILLA OUTRAGE.

Mr. Furze's Condition.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 30.

A Comilla correspondent telegraphs that Mr. Furze, Assistant Superintendent of Police, has been shot in the chest and that a constable who accompanied him has been shot dead in endeavouring to arrest two convicted accused who were taken in their house in the mofussil where they had refused to surrender to their bail after their conviction had been upheld on appeal. Mr. Furze is said to be doing well, the Civil Surgeons of Dacca and Comilla are attending him.

ROYAL VISIT TO INDIA.

Date of Arrival at Bombay.

A Press Communique, issued yesterday by the Government of Bombay, states:—It is understood that His Majesty the King-Emperor will arrive at Bombay on the 2nd December, 1911, and will leave on the evening of the 4th idem.

Request from Karachi.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, MARCH 30.

The Karachi Municipal Corporation has unanimously passed a resolution that the President should take steps to invite His Majesty the King-Emperor to take his departure for England from that port after the completion of his Indian tour in connection with the Coronation Durbar at Delhi.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

Arrival at Delhi.

INSPECTION OF DURBAR CAMP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, MARCH 30.

The Viceroy and Lady Hardinge and Miss Sanford, accompanied by Sir Henry McMahon, Foreign Secretary, Private and Military Secretaries, and three A. D. C's, arrived in Delhi at 8-20 this morning. His Excellency was received at the station by the principel officials headed by Colonel Dallas, Commissioner of Delhi Division. There was also a sprinkling of non-officials. The station was very nicely decorated and police arrangements were excellent. His Excellency stays at the Circuit House and leaves Delhi at 7-20 this evening, both the arrival and departure being private.

INSPECTION OF DURBAR CAMP.

VICEROY'S CAMP, MARCH 30.

The Viceregal train arrived at Delhi Station sharp to time at 8-20 a.m. His Excellency proceeded at once to spend a busy day in inspecting the various places of importance connected with the Durbar. He started by examining the station and was shown the proposed arrangements and alterations for His Majesty's arrival. Afterwards he proceeded by motor-car, accompanied by Sir John Hewett, Sir Henry MacMahan, Col. Dallas, Commissioner, Delhi Division, Col. Cox, Col. Maxwell, Mr. Barron, Dy Commissioner, Major James and Mr. Gabriel, along one of the proposed routes by which the King will proceed to his camp beyond the Ridge. On the way he looked at the proposed sites for the monument to King Edward VII, and also the place from which the representatives of the people of India will watch the Royal procession.

After driving along the historic Ridge he went to the Circuit House and remained there a short time, studying the plans for the various camps and then again got into the motor and proceeded to the Amphitheatre and saw the arrangements and alterations already being made there for the crowning ceremony. He then inspected the parade grounds where the Durbar parade will take place. After this, luncheon was taken at the Circuit House.

In the meantime Lady Hardinge, accompanied by Miss Sanford and Capt W. Muir, had been to see several of the many places of interest in and around Delhi.

In the afternoon the Viceroy motored along an alternative route of the Royal procession and also saw the proposed sites for the King Edward's statue. On the way he got out and looked at John Nicholson's statue and the famous Kashmere Gate. He then proceeded to the Fort and saw the Dawan-i-Khas, Dewan-i-Am, etc., and specially interested in the general improvements of the Fort grounds made by the Punjab Archæological Department whose scheme is to be continued throughout the interior of the Fort with the Durbar funds, to make a suitable "mise en scin" for the Durbar garden party.

At about 6-30 their Excellencies returned to Delhi Station and shortly afterwards the Viceregal train continued its journey to Lahore.

LAHORE, MARCH 30.

The Viceroy and suite arrive at 1-30 p.m. and will be received by the Lieutenant-Governor, Ruling, Chiefs, Chief Court Judges and other high Civiland Military Officers. A European Guard of Honour will be drawn up and the Viceroy will drive to Government House escorted by the Punjab Light Horse.

MORTGAGED STEAMSHIP.

Application for Order of Sale.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 30.

An application was made in the Calcutta High Court on behalf of certain Captain Francis of the steamship "Lowoe" which formerly belonged to the Swadeshi Steam Navigation Company for an order for the sale of the vessel which had been mortgaged for Rs. 60,000. Both the owner of the vessel, Mr. Pilley, and the mortgagee, agreed to it on the condition that advertisements should be issued in the Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Rangoon and Colombo papers. The suit brought by Captain Francis against the Navigation Company will be heard one month from date.

CALCUTTA RACE-HORSE SUIT.

Referred to Arbitration.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 30.

At the High Court to-day, Mr. Justice Harrington referred the race-horse suit to arbitration. In this case Mr. D. Norton sued Mr. J. M. Rodocanachi to recover Rs. 4,000 for having trained certain race horses. Both sides consenting, the case was referred to two arbitrators well-known in racing circle.

KHULNA POLITICAL GANG CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 30.

A rumour is current that the Government of Bengal will withdraw the charges against the accused in the Khulna Political Gang Case which has been committed to the High Court Special Tribunal. A representative of "Amrita Bazar Patrika" had an interview with the guardian of one of the accused and the latter confirmed the rumour, adding that it is expected that the accused would have to tender an apology. The terms of the apology are not yet known.

THE GULF EXPEDITION.

Probable Date of Sailing.

Further details are now available regarding the military expedition which is being despatched from Bombay to the Persian Gulf, and according to present arrangements and information, it will in all probability set sail on April 8th or 9th. It was at first intended that the troops should leave Bombay about the 6th, but as a number of the men of the 104th Rifles are on furlough, it will take another two days to assemble them. In our issue of yesterday, we stated that the expedition would consist of about 2,000 men. It appears, however, that this was a gross total including ambulance, transport and followers, and the total fighting strength of the force will be only a little more than a thousand men. The force is to be composed, as stated by us yesterday with one exception, it having since been decided to send two sections (four guns) of a mountain battery, instead of one. These will be supplied by the 32nd Mountain Battery. The strength of the principal detachments composing the force will be as follows:—

No. 32, Mountain Battery (two sections): 3 British officers, 2 Indian officers and 100 N.C.O's and men.

104th Rifles: 13 British officers, 17 Indian officers and about 740 N.C.O's and men.

19th Company, 3rd Sappers and Miners, officers and 125 men.

Field Ambulance: 2 British officers, 1 Indian officer, 1 sub-assistant surgeon, and 90 ranks.

These troops will be conveyed in two ships of which the "Hardinge" will be one, and each vessel will carry of the fighting force, 11 British officers and about 500 native officers and men, with nearly 250 artillery and transport mules. It is probable that the second vessel employed will be the "Northbrook." She was expected in Bombay Harbour at daybreak to-day (Friday) carrying the 9th Bhopal Infantry for Fyzabad. She was given orders to disembark her troops, and they will proceed to their destination by special train.

Orders have been issued for rations and forage sufficient for 20 days at sea and ten days on land to go with the troops to the Gulf.

The 4th Rajputs are still without orders, but it is possible, we understand, that they may be sent to Santa Cruz to replace the 104th Rifles.

PUNJAB UNIVERSITY.

Estimates for 1911-12.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MARCH 30.

At yesterday's meeting of the Senate of the Punjab University the proposal of the Vice Chancellor to confer the degree of L L. D., on the Viceroy was unanimously accepted.

The budget estimates of the University for 1911-12 were also approved. The estimates show a cash balance of about sixty thousand rupees and G.P notes and a deposit of one lakh forty-six thousand six hundred rupees as the total surplus on March 31, 1912.

The library of six thousand volumes presented by Professor Percival of the Calcutta Presidency College, will be kept separately in a room in the proposed University library, labelled as the Percival collection, and the Registrar has gone to take delivery of the library at Calcutta. The deed of gift and acceptance have been drawn up and approved by the parties.

[illegible]

Annual General Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MARCH 29.

The thirteenth annual general meeting of the S. P. C. A., was held yesterday at the Banqueting Hall, Madras, with the Hon. Mr. J. N. Jenkins in the chair. He read a letter from the Military Secretary to His Excellency saying that Their Excellencies regretted very much that they were unable to be present at the meeting. The report was read and His Grace the Archbishop moved its adoption in a lengthy speech. The report was duly adopted and Mr. E. R Osburne proposed the names of certain gentlemen for election as members of the Executive and the Pinjrapole Committee for the ensuing year. This was seconded and carried.

The Chairman delivered an interesting speech and expressed a hope that the work of the society would, during the ensuing year, meet with greater success than in the past and that the Society would receive a more generous measure of support than had been accorded to it during the last two or three years.

Sir Arnold White proposed a vote of thanks to the Chair.

FIRE IN A PLAGUE CAMP.

Six Lives Lost.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, MARCH 30.

A Azamgarh correspondent reports a sad occurrence. Owing to plague the people of Muhalla Shaikwara had left their houses and gone to live in a number of huts in the vicinity. One of the huts caught fire and the flames spread rapidly untill all the huts were destroyed. Six lives were lost and thousands of rupees worth of property destroyed.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 30.

Lieut. A. J. Rendall, 104th Battery, R.F.A., Sheffield, is posted to the 81st Battery, R.F.A., Kirkee.

On return from leave Colonel G. Williams R.E. is posted as Commandant, R. E., Quetta.

Lieut. Clarke, R.E is transferred from the Military Works Service, Poona, to the 2nd Sappers and Miners at Bangalore.

Brig.-Genl. E. T. Gastrell, commanding the Ahmednagar Brigade, is granted leave for seven and a half months.

Major Walter, 42nd Deoli Regiment, is appointed Commandant of that Regiment.

Lieut. Kerr, Leinster Regiment, has been selected for appointment to the Supply and Transport Corps.

Capt Cassels, Brigade Major, Meerut Cavalry Brigade, is appointed G. S. O., second grade, Meerut Division.

Capt Godwin, 23rd Cavalry, is appointed Brigade-Major, Meerut Cavalry brigade.

Lieut. S L D Wilmott, R. G. A., is transferred from the Home establishment to No. 51 Company, R G A., Quetta.

Colonel Dobbie is granted six months' leave. Colonel Shakespeare 2nd Gurkhas will officiate as a Q. M. G., Meerut Division, during his absence.

Major S. W. King, 5th Infantry, succeeds Major Tarver, 124th Infantry, as G. S. O., 2nd grade, Lahore Division in April.

Major-General L.J.E. Bradshaw, C.B., Commanding the Bareilly Brigade, is granted leave for two months and 22 days.

Captain Longhurst, 7th Gurkhas, is appointed G. S. O., 2nd grade, Quetta Division.

A CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

Defender of the Faith by Marjorie Bowen—(Methuen).—Miss Bowen will be remembered as the author of the "Viper of Milan" and her admirers will know the sort of book to expect from her pen. Really serious, well written books, the present one is historical and of a period little used by novelists, the marriage of Mary Stuart with the Prince of Orange. The authoress is to be complemented on her work and it must have entailed endless study to have places, people and scenes so accurately describe. The strange meeting and marriage of "William and Mary" in such capable hands is a very interesting chapter of love and intrigue.

Rosamund by Beatrice Whitby (Methuen).—A sad pathetic little story. Rosamund Maygard was the eldest of four sisters and met Captain Gordon at a ball; he fell head over ears in love with her. After a brief and ardent courtship they were married and he carried her off to India. Things went very badly with them in the country, that people in England imagine is a land of perpetual fun and frolic. The story is really Rosamund's life after she returns to her old home.

Jim Hands, by Richard Washburn Child—(Macmillan).—Quite a refreshing sort of book of the working classes in a manufacturing town in America. Jim Hand tells his own story, which is what he thinks of his daughter Katherine's love affairs. The story is most amusingly written. In one place Jim Hand says "Children is a terrible investment. Of course they're much riskier for rich folks than for people like my Annie and me. Rich families don't have the time to give to raising 'em, being altogether too busy trying to fill in moments of idleness." The characters are thoroughly interesting, the quaint way of telling the story and the new surroundings combined to make "Jim Hand" an attractive story.

Patricia of Pall Mall by Mrs. Curtis Yorke—(John Long).—The story of pretty Patricia, who was left an old house in Pall Mall by her uncle, but no money wherewith to keep it up, and of Patricia's efforts to earn a living without disobeying the terms of her uncle's will, is brightly told, and it is with a distinct sigh of sympathetic relief that the reader leaves the independent young heroine safely provided with the husband she had resisted and dodged through the three-hundred odd pages of the story. Mrs. Curtis Yorke, whose sentiment is sentiment without becoming maudlin, conducts love affairs for her heroines with a skill which long practice has made perfect, and that of "Patricia of Pall Mall" is by no means an exception.

Theo, by a Peer—(John Long).—A wonderfully written story, showing how intimately the author knows the life led by a certain class of men and women in Society. One closes the book with a contended feeling—they are not the men and women I know—and yet we know that every side of life that the author so graphically describes is perfectly true, whether in London, or Cairo, or a military station. The author has certainly spared neither men nor women, they are shown to us in the full glare of a strong searchlight.

In days when amateur criminals figure freely as the heroes of novels and dramas, it is not surprising that there should be a sort of "boom" in criminology, both upon its serious and its romantic side. Of the latter aspect we have, perhaps, had enough; but the scientific psychology of crime is always deserving of study, and Mr. Heinemann will be making good use of a popular taste in "The Modern Criminal" series which he is about to inaugurate. As usual, Mr. Heinemann approaches the subject in a cosmopolitan spirit. He has ransacked the literature of contemporary Europe for authorities, and the volumes now to be issued will offer latest criminological theories of the leading specialists of the time. Early volumes will be "Modern Theories of Criminality," by Dr. Bernaldo de Quiros of Madrid; "Crime, Its Causes and Remedies," by Professor Cesare Lombroso; "The Individualisation of Punishment," by M. Raymond Saleilles; and "Criminal Psychology" by Dr. Hans Gross. Other books, equally authoritative, are in contemplation, and the series should be of great popular interest, as well as of scientific value.

Another volume of great interest to collectors will be published recently by Messrs. Cassell and Company, [illegible] Chinese Art, with effect from the 21st March or subsequent date. title, "Old Chinese Porcelain and Works of Art in China," is a pictorial record of the first Art Exhibition held in China, an exhibition which included some 3,000 articles, many of them lent by well-known Chinese connoisseurs. Among these treasures were priceless examples from the collections of H. E. Tuan Fang, Viceroy of the Liang-Kiang; his Excellency the Governor of Nanchang, and other Oriental specialists. The book is written by Mr. A. W. Bahr, who acted as hon. secretary of the exhibition, and has had exceptional opportunities for studying the kind of art most highly-prized among the Chinese themselves. The work is naturally full of illustrations, many of them from paintings by the famous Chinese artist, Wong Chun Hai.

Mr. S. M. Mitra, who is well known in editorial offices as a thoughtful writer upon modern problems of Indian life, has just completed the writing of a full biography of Sir John Hall, K.C.B., who will be remembered, among students of Crimean history, for his fine medical service during that historic campaign. Mr. Mitra has had access to all Sir John Hall's available correspondence, and the authoritative character of his biography is vouched for by the fact that it contains an introduction by Rear-Admiral Sir R. Massie Blomfield, who worked side by side with Hall in the Crimea. Messrs. Longmans and Co. will publish the book during the spring.

Mr. John Masefield, many-sided literary artist as he is, has deserted the drama and poetry for the moment, to turn his attention once more to the novel. Mr. J. M. Dent has secured Mr. Masefield's new story, "The Street of To-day," and describes it as a picture of modern England as she appears to the young man of science. The background of the book, however, is a study of the changed position of woman in modern society. Two women influence the hero, who is strenuously engaged in social reform. One of them is of the modern, selfish, and extravagant type; the other, thoughtful and sympathetic, repairs the moral damage done by her younger rival. Such a theme, treated with Mr. Masefield's characteristic vigour, should prompt a good story.

Messrs. Herbert and Daniel will issue in a few days a blank-verse narrative poem by Miss Anna Bunston, entitled "The Porch of Penance." The poem is based upon a fancy suggested by St. Thomas Aquinas. It introduces us to a wanderer in Paris upon the eve of All Souls' Day, and portrays a vision of mysticism, which lets in an original light upon many developments of mystical theory and belief. The publishers believe that they have discovered in Miss Bunston a poet of unusual force and sincerity.

The beautiful series of books which are being printed by Mr. Philip Lee-Warner in the Riccardi Press Fount will receive two important additions during the present season. The first of these is an edition of Catullus, Tibullus and Propertius, from the Oxford recension of Mr. Robinson Ellis, Mr. John P. Postgate, and Mr. John S. Phillimore. The second is a new volume of Malory's "Morte d'Arthur" with water-colour illustrations by Mr. W. Russell Flint. This work will eventually be completed in four volumes at ten guineas a set, while some twelve copies have been printed on vellum at six times that price.

Messrs. Williams and Norgate have nearly ready the finally corrected edition of Herbert Spencer's "Essay on Education," in a cheap and popular form at one shilling. This edition embodies the author's latest corrections made about a year before his death, and the publishers are, therefore, justified in claiming that it is only in this edition that it will be possible to obtain Spencer's mature views upon the subject of education in all its aspects intellectual, moral, and physical.

A forgotten reputation and a classic novel of an earlier day are about to be revived by the resourceful editor of Mr. Dent's "Everyman's Library." Miss E. S. Shepherd will be remembered by but few clients of the modern circulating library, yet no less a judge than Disraeli once described her story "Charles Auchester" as "the greatest musical novel ever written." This book Mr. Dent is about to resuscitate, and Miss Jessie Middleton has written an introduction recording the few known facts about the author's life. Mendelssohn, it may be added, is the hero of the novel, and Liszt and other musicians of that day appear among its characters.

PARLIAMENT HOUSE.

The Victoria Memorial Scheme.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 30.

The "Indian Daily Telegraph" says that the proposal that the Victoria Memorial should be utilised as Parliament House is one that should be supported both on the score of appropriateness and of economy to which the Government of India is committed. Further the Council would be housed earlier than were a fresh building erected. Considerable accommodation would be needed, but it should be possible even at the present stage to modify the plans.

LAHORE, MARCH 30.

Commenting on utilising the Victoria Memorial for the Legislative Building the "Tribune" says:—"It is most fitting that the Council which the country owes primarily to the enlightened views of the Great Sovereign should be housed in the building that commemorates his reign. It will save the Government several lakhs of public funds [illegible] needed for the extension of education and sanitation, while no separate building will come to the Victorial Memorial Hall in grandeur an magnificence."

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. L. Graham, I. C. S., to be Assistant Remembrancer of Legal Affairs and ex-officio Secretary to the Council of His Excellency the Governor for making Laws and Regulations from the 15th March, vice Mr. G. D. French, I. C. S. Mr. Graham acted as Assistant Remembrancer of Legal Affairs and Secretary to the Legislative Council from the 24th February 1911 to the 14th March.

Mr. E. L. Sale, I. C. S., to be Junior Collector, vice Mr. A. L. M. Wood, I. C. S., deceased.

Dr. N. Gustasp, Divisional Forest Officer, West Khandesh, was allowed privilege leave for one month and nine days from 12th January to 20th February.

Mr. Edward Alexander Farmer is authorised to pilot vessels in the Port of Bombay.

The following gentlemen to be Members of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Bombay:—P. R. Cadell, I. C. S., Mr. M. M. S. Gubbay, I.C.S., Mr. F.T. Rickards, and Captain W. Lumsden, R.N.

The following appointment has been made on the Personal Staff of his Excellency the Governor:—Captain C. T Davis, Officiating Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Governor, to be Aide-de-Camp with effect from the forenoon of 1st April, vice Captain G. A. Sullivan resigned.

Second Lieutenant B. C. Covell, 2nd Battalion, B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, is granted six months' leave out of India with effect from the 11th May.

Major W. V. Scudamore, R. E., is granted furlough for one year with effect from the 18th April.

Sind Volunteer Rifles.—Captain Benjamin Frank Jones resigns his Commission, and Captain Gilbert Biscoe Ramsey, Supernumerary List, resigns his Commission.

The Volunteer Officers' Decoration is conferred upon Lieutenant-Colonel John Crimmin, V.C., C.I.E., I.M.S., Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

Sind Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Honorary Lieutenant John Hewett Hardie (Paymaster) resigns his Commission.

Lieutenant H. W. Bell to act as Political Agent, Savantvadi, from date of departure of Major H. W. Berthon pending arrival of Major R. S. Pottinger.

Mr. N. J. Wadia, I.C.S., Assistant Collector in the district of Sholapur, is appointed a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

The Venerable Archdeacon G. E. Nicolls is appointed a Chaplain of Karachi, with effect from the 21st March or subsequent date.

The Reverend H. L. Arnould, Chaplain of Poona, is granted combined leave for two years.

The Venerable Archdeacon W. A. Dickins, to be Chaplain of Matheran, as a temporary measure with effect from the 17th April.

Major H. Bennett, M.B., I.M.S., acted as Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Southern Registration District, from the 4th to the 22nd February inclusive.

The following appointment has been made on the Personal Staff of His Excellency the Governor with effect from the 1st April:—Navabzada Yawar Hasain Khan of Palanpur to be Honorary Aide-de-Camp.

Major W. P. L. Davies, General Staff Officer, Karachi Brigade, is re-appointed a member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Karachi for a term of two years from 1st April.

Mr. H. C. Sparke, District Traffic Superintendent, North-Western Railway, Karachi, is re-appointed a member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Karachi for a period of two years from 1st April.

Mr. F. S. Pinnett to be a member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Karachi, for a term of two years commencing on 1st April.

Mr. A. H. P. Wolferstan to act as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Karachi, during the absence from Karachi of Mr. F. S. Pinnett.

Mr. F. B. Plunkett, Jailor, Hyderabad Central Prison, to act as Superintendent, Karachi Prison, during the absence on leave of Mr. K. M. Clubwalla or pending further orders.

Mr. W. W. Clifford to be Deputy Superintendent of Police, Kanara, vice Mr. Krishnaji Bhimaji Bilgi, retiring.

Major T. Jackson, I. M.S., is appointed to be a nominated member of the Committee of Management of the Ahmedabad Municipality, vice Major H. Bennett, I. M. S., resigned.

Mr. D. MacDonald, on return to duty, to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Kanara, and to act as District Superintendent of Police, Risaldar S. K. Bapat, proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Mr. H. G. Lang to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Belgaum, vice Mr. R. G. Collett, proceeding on leave.

The Karachi Chamber of Commerce have elected Mr. A. Thole, a member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Karachi, for a term of two years commencing on the 1st April.

FIRE IN SHAIKH MEMON STREET.

One Person Injured.

About 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon a fire broke out in the Shaikh Memon Street in the house of one Ismail Sulleman. It was a four-storeyed building and the ground-floor was utilised as milch cattle shed and the fire originated from one of the stalls, a boy carried a naked lamp near the heaps of waste papers there. A man living on the top-floor commenced throwing his chattel on the road which injured a by-passer. He was removed to the G. T. Hospital.

The Bank of Bengal yesterday reduced its rate to seven per cent.

The area of Southern Rhodesia (148,575 square miles) is nearly as large as that of Manitoba and Saskatchewan combined. The whole territory of the British South Africa Company—say 450,000 square miles—considerably exceeds that of the four Prairie Provinces, namely:—Manitoba, Assiuboia, Alberta and Saskatchewan. If Rhodesian land were capitalised at half the rate that is now being paid in the North-West, it would reach the handsome total of £308 millions.

TIBET.

Lecture at Y. M. C. A.

[illegible] Y. M. C. A. on Wednesday evening, a [illegible] paper on Tibet was read by Mrs. [illegible] which she said that in spite of the late [illegible] Expedition, and the accounts of [illegible] travellers there still remained attached to [illegible] a thrilling and delightful sense of [illegible] romance. The first authentic story of a [illegible] in Tibet dates back to A. D. 1328, when [illegible] Odoric went as a propagandist of the Church [illegible] Thomas Manning in 1811 was the only [illegible] explorer who reached Lhasa by way of [illegible]

JAPANESE TRAVELLER'S ACCOUNT.

[illegible] paper was concerned chiefly with [illegible] given by a Japanese traveller, of his [illegible] in Tibet. His purpose there [illegible] explore the Chinese translations of the [illegible] Sanscrit texts only to [illegible] Lhasa and Tashilumbo, in order to gain know- [illegible] their anthenticity, and to be able to prepare [illegible] translation of the same. Ekai Kawaguchi [illegible] himself to the family of the Lama Shabdun [illegible] Darjeeling in 1897, and from conversation with [illegible] children was able in six months to converse in [illegible] Tibetan. He then went into Nepal where he met [illegible] by accident, a Lama to whom he had been [illegible] a letter of introduction. Under his protection [illegible] Kawaguchi entered Tibet. He travelled by a longer [illegible] way than usual, round by Mount Kailas [illegible] Manasarowhrs, two most important places, [illegible] pilgrimage. To prevent the object of his journey [illegible] Lama, Kawaguchi after a while, [illegible] shaved his head and continued the journey alone, [illegible] by compassionate pilgrims. He encountered her- [illegible] Lamas who had stood for twenty or thirty [illegible] without seeing the light of the sun or a [illegible] human countenance. He visited Gelong Rinnochi, [illegible] very holy lama who received daily a large number [illegible] of pilgrims. After pronouncing over each pilgrim, [illegible] sacred syllables "Om-ma-ni-pe-dme-Mim" and [illegible] giving a short homily, the officiating priest led each [illegible] before the Lama to be blessed by the laying-on of [illegible] hands, the pilgrim showing his respect and devotion [illegible] by bowing low twice and protruding his tongue.

THE HILL OF SALVATION.

After skirting Lake Manasarowar, Kawaguchi came [illegible] to a steep hill known to pilgrims as the Hill of Salvation. As they climbed by way of penance, [illegible] of the pilgrims with whom he travelled was care- [illegible] ful to see that his penance covered not only past but [illegible] future sins. After visiting the Pakhya temple, of [illegible] which he gives a lengthy description, Kawaguchi [illegible] went on to Shingtse, the second capital of Tibet, the [illegible] dwelling-place of the second "Pope", the Tashi [illegible] Lama, who was recently in Calcutta. Thence, he [illegible] travelled on to Lhasa, the first view of which he [illegible] had from the summit of the Gen-pa-la mountains. [illegible] Near the west flowing Brahmaputra and its tri- [illegible] butary the Kichu, winding its way through a wide [illegible] plain in the midst of which rose a mountain on [illegible] which were piled red buildings and fortified [illegible] walls. That was the famous Po-ta-la, the [illegible] residence of the Dalai Lama and the seat of [illegible] Tibetan monarchical government. At Lhasa, [illegible] Kawaguchi hoarded the lion in his den and enrolled [illegible] himself as a student in the Lama College. There were [illegible] two classes of priests, scholars and warriors. The [illegible] former have private means and come to study Bud- [illegible] dhist catechism and philosophy. The latter, being [illegible] destitute, support themselves by collecting fuel and [illegible] performing services for the scholar-priests. The [illegible] course of graduation at this college is for twenty [illegible] years. A student's garment comprise a hood of [illegible] common cloth, a shirt, a priest's robe, and a pair of [illegible] sandals. He breakfasts on butter-tea and baked flour, [illegible] butter-tea being a nameless compound of brick tea, [illegible] rancid butter, flour and salt. His evening meal is a [illegible] great made of baked flour, cooked with cheese [illegible] radishes, and fat.

THE LAMA'S COURT.

Kawaguchi says the Lama's court was a den of thieves and murderers living under the guise of courtiers. The Dalai Lama has to be perpetually on guard against poisoning, his six predecessors having all been poisoned before reaching their twentieth year. A small boy's essay on the Fata- [illegible] lama can well be applied to the Tibetans: "Man- [illegible] ners they had none and their customs were abomin- [illegible] able. The Tibetans have not the most elementary [illegible] ideas of sanitation. The dogs, like those in Con- [illegible] stantinople, are the only scavengers. Their personal [illegible] habits are unspeakable. A baby is washed in butter [illegible] when born, but never again in butter or water. It [illegible] is considered unlucky to wash lest all happines [illegible] should [illegible] determined by the day of the week on which it was born, a surname being added to aid distinction. The naming ceremony is only for male children. For female children there is but one ceremony on the advent of girlhood when the hair is dressed for the first time in four long plaits surmounted by ornaments of coral or turquoise. The great moral blot in the country is the institution of polyandry.

Punishment and torture are synonymous terms in Tibet. Capital punishment is the most merciful, taking place by immersion in water, the body being first dismembered. The only medicine in Tibet is a herb called Te-unta. Taken in a large dose it proves fatal, while a small dose brings on temporary paralysis. Tibetans believe disease is caused by evil spirits, and frequently resort for treatment to the exorcisms of the Lamas. The sick are tended by women and there is a fixed idea that a sick person must on no account be allowed to sleep in the day. He is made to sit up with a nurse on either side. These keep him awake by the sprink- [illegible] ling of cold water on his face. If death supervenes [illegible] the neighbours say "How shocking of the nurses [illegible] to let the poor fellow go to sleep." Kawaguchi [illegible] charged with difficulty [illegible] Lhasa, when [illegible] the secret of his [illegible] known, and after [illegible] many adventures reached Calcutta safely.

The paper related many other most interesting customs. The chair was taken by the Hon. Mr. Lindsay J. Robertson.

DEPARTURES.

Per s. s. "Africa," April 1.

[illegible] list of passengers proceeding to Trieste and Venice [illegible] via intermediate ports per Austrian Lloyd's s. s. [illegible] Africa, to-morrow from the Victoria Dock No. 4. [illegible] The medical inspection of the saloon passengers will [illegible] take place in the Victoria Dock Shed No. 4 at 9 [illegible] a.m. Deck passengers and Native servants [illegible] must present at the Port Health Disinfecting [illegible] station, Frere Road, near Princes Dock, with all [illegible] their luggage and kit at 8-30 a.m. sharp :—

Acock, Mr W E — Lipscomb, Mr and Mrs J
[illegible] — [illegible]
[illegible] Capt H M — Macpherson, Hon Mr and Mrs W G
Bullen, Mr and Mrs — [illegible]
Banks, Dr — Macpherson, Miss
Bennett, Lt R — Mackenzie, Mrs Z
Bird, Hon Mr W G — Mathieson, Mr A E
Bolram, Mr J B S — Mashavdas, Mr B
Bragg-Smith, Mrs H — Meyer, Mr A S
Bramston, Mrs H — Mortimer, Mr R
Burton, Capt W H — Nathoobhoy, Mr M
Bushby, Mr F — Nora, Da A
Campbell, H C W — Phipps, Mr and Mrs H R
Cole, Hon Mr R — Pigou, Mrs Geo and Mrs
Colman, Mrs — C T W
Colquhoun, Mrs — Price, Mr
Collinson, Mr H S — Read, Mr L W R
Cowlin, Mr F W — Reinhart, Mr O
Crosse, Mr J W — Remington, General and
Cuzner, Mr M D — [illegible]
Daly, Mr Rose — [illegible]
[illegible] — Mr Farendonji
[illegible] Lt
[illegible] pt H F B
[illegible] r T A
[illegible] Mr J B
[illegible] Mr R
[illegible] r G L
[illegible] di G
[illegible] Mrs
[illegible] Miss
[illegible] or A B
[illegible] r H G
[illegible] r A W
[illegible] Count
[illegible] Mr and Mrs K
[illegible] or and Mrs G
[illegible] Capt J P
[illegible], Mr and Mrs
[illegible] 2 children
[illegible] J
[illegible] Mr K
[illegible] t C B
[illegible] jor and Mrs
[illegible] W
[illegible] r M S

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

WATCHAGHANDY WILL CASE.

Appeal Dismissed.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor concluded the hearing of the appeal in the Watchaghandy Will Case.

Mr. Kanga continued his address on behalf of the respondents. He said that the only witnesses that could be examined as to the execution were Rustomji and Engineer. With regard to the question why Rustomji was not called, he drew their Lordships' attention to the form of the issues and said that as no issue suggesting any suspicion was raised, counsel in the Lower Court thought that he had only to prove the solemn form of the execution and the mental capacity of the lady and he was satisfied that he had sufficiently established these points by other evidence and hence he reserved Rustomji's evidence for rebuttal on the issue of undue influence as no particulars were given by the defendant.

The Chief Justice remarked that the execution of the will was challenged on various grounds, one of which was of undue influence and his Lordship could not understand why Rustomji was not called to prove the circumstances of the execution.

Mr. Kanga said that with regard to the execution, the learned Judge had eliminated Rustomji's evidence and had believed Engineer, who was a witness of truth. All that he said was that it might be an error of judgment on the part of counsel in charge of the case.

The Chief Justice observed that by these tactics they had placed the defendant in a great difficulty.

EVIDENCE OF ENGINEER.

Continuing, counsel submitted that Engineer must be believed, he was believed by the learned Judge and his story was highly probable if all the circumstances connected with the case were considered. The learned Judge had done so and he had come to that conclusion. It was not too much to suppose that in these days a sister would prefer a sister. Counsel then dealt with the evidence of Engineer in detail and said that the whole case turned on his evidence. He was believed in the Lower Court as regarded the execution of the will.

Mr. Justice Batchelor remarked that he was not altogether believed.

Mr. Kanga said that, that was with reference to the endorsement on the Government loan notes.

At the suggestion of the Chief Justice here, Mr. Kanga argued the case on the execution of the will He referred to the account given by Engineer, who he said must be believed on the point as there was nothing improable in that account. Unless it was concluded that Dr. Boyd acted dishonestly, Dr. Boyd's attestation went in her favour. He submitted that if Engineer was disbelieved, the only conclusion would be that Dr. Boyd acted dishonestly. There was no suggestion in the the whole record that Dr. Boyd had acted dishonestly.

Counsel submitted that there were two theories in the case. The first was that Jaiji was so hopeless an imbecile that she did not understand what she was doing, and that the two doctors had acted dishonestly. That would bring him to the first part of his case. The other theory was that coercion and fraud were practised on the lady, and to establish that allegation the onus was on the other side. Therefore, all that he had to show was that Jaiji knew what she was signing and that she had sufficient capacity to understand that. Hence the Court had to determine the testamentary capacity of Jaiji. The minor features, he said, at the most were suspicious, but they were considered by the learned Judge, who said there was nothing in them.

Counsel then referred to the transactions of Engineer in respect of the Government papers.

At the time of luncheon hour, the Chief Justice stopped Mr. Kanga addressing, remarking their Lordships had heard him sufficiently and called upon Mr. Lowndes to give his rejoinder.

On the Court reassembling after tiffin, Mr. Lowndes said that since the rising of the Court, he had considered the whole question, and it appeared to him that their Lordships had been satisfied with the explanations given by Mr. Kanga, he did not [illegible] as had been pleased to waste the time of the Court.

The Chief Justice then delivered the judgment of the Court. His Lordship said that in this case there had been a great conflict of evidence as to the mental capacity of Jaiji. It appeared to their Lordships that both sides had produced truthful evidence to a certain point, but there had been a great deal of exaggeration. The conclusion their Lordships had come to was that the testatrix was of very small intelligence and that as years went on, the characteristics in her became accentuated and at the time when Drs Collie and Dara saw her, she was probably much more noticeably effected by those facial characteristics than she was prior to the execution of the will.

The photographs, produced in evidence, appeared to their Lordships to be consistent with the evidence of Drs. Collie and Dara. The enlargement was prepared about fifteen years ago and the artist admitted that it might have been touched up. It was quite possible that the smaller photograph (cabinet size) was taken much earlier than the enlargement and their Lordships, therefore, did not think it necessary to doubt the statements made by Drs. Collie and Dara of what they observed, but their evidence was not really very material for the question before the Court. The question before the Court was whether the testatrix executed the will propounded and whether when she executed it in 1895 she was capable of understanding the contents of it and whether it expressed her wishes.

Their Lordships were not prepared to differ in the conclusion arrived at by the learned Judge that she was capable of understanding in 1895 and their Lordships had no reason to suppose that the will expressed anything, but her wishes with regard to the property she then possessed.

Their Lordships had been satisfied by the discussion of the evidence that prior to the execution of the will, Jaiji had made a gift of the Government notes to her nephew Rustomji and of Teachers' shares to her sister Meherbai. It was, therefore, clear that at or about that time she desired to benefit them and under the circumstances the will said to be executed was in accordance with her wishes.

The difficulties of the case arose partly from the course taken at the time of the execution of the will and partly from the course taken during the trial. The learned Judge believed and their Lordships were not prepared to disagree from that belief, that the will prepared in Shamrao's office and brought by his clerk and then on account of a striking alteration the whole will was re-copied by Dr. Engineer, instead of the small alterations being added in it. No doubt, his Lordship observed, it was a very extraordinary story, but the evidence was all one way and was further supported by the attestation of Dr. Boyd, and officers of some position in the Indian Medical Service.

With regard to the course adopted at the trial, his Lordship observed, of those two persons who were present at the execution of the will were alive. They were Dr. Engineer and Rustomji the propounder of the will; but only one of them was called and the conclusion which had been forced on their Lordships' mind was that Rustomji was not called simply for deplorable tactics and to place his examination before the Court until the defendant had lost the assistance by a leading counsel. These tactics, his Lordship remarked, were always most deplored by these Courts and their Lordships had never come across such an unmistakable case.

It appeared to their Lordships that the story that Rustomji gave with regard to the Government notes was true and it fitted in with the evidence afforded by the banking account of Engineer in the Honkong Bank in 1894, and their Lordships were not able to assent to the views pressed on them by the learned counsel for the appellant that the transfer of notes from Jaiji to Rustomji were indicative of a scheme on his (Rustomji's) part to deprive her of her property.

The story of 1898 put forward by the defendant did not in any way shake their Lordship's confidence in the conclusion they had arrived at and therefore their Lordships affirmed the decree of the Lower Court and dismissed the appeal with costs.

THE City Magistrate of Karachi has issued notice to parties that he will deliver his order in Clifton land-sale case against Doctor Kaka and Framroz Panthakey on Saturday.

DISPUTED MARRIAGE.

Custom Among Mahomedans.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar delivered judgment in the suit brought by Abdul Cader Ebrahim against Doulunbibi and others for a declaration that the first defendant was his duly married wife.

Mr. Jafferbhoy Rahimtoola, instructed by Messrs. Thakurdass and Company, appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. Hormusji Captain, instructed by Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, was for the first defendant who alone contested this suit.

The plaintiff alleged that he and the first two defendants belonged to the Shafi sect of Mahomedans and that on 22nd August 1907, he was duly and lawfully married to the first defendant at Bombay, and that such marriage was performed by Khan Saheb Kazi Mahomed Ali Murghe in the presence of a large number of witnesses. He alleged that he had learnt that the second defendant, the father of the first defendant, in complete disregard of the plaintiff's marriage with the first defendant, negotiated her marriage with the third defendant and that an early date had been fixed for the performance of that ceremony. He, therefore, prayed for a declaration above stated and for an injunction restraining the contemplated marriage.

The first defendant denied that she was duly or lawfully or at all married to the plaintiff. She said that when she was 19 years of age, she elected to belong to the Hanafi sect and thereupon she was governed by the Hanafi law instead of the Shafi law. She repudiated the alleged marriage and contended that the plaintiff was not entitled to the reliefs claimed.

His Lordship, in delivering his judgment, said that Mr. Captain for the first defendant, who had throughout the hearing conducted her case with much care and great ability had raised five issues, three of which were of a technical nature but his Lordship did not desire to dispose of the suit on technical grounds and he proposed to dispose it of on the result of his findings on the two issues that referred to the merits of the contentions between the parties.

A great deal of fight in this suit, said his Lordship had centred round the questions whether the first defendant did in April 1907 change her creed and become the follower of the Hanafi school and if in fact she did so, whether she was entitled to do so and did so validly according to Mahomedan Law. On the evidence his Lordship was satisfied that the second defendant had for some months prior to April 1907, tried to persuade his daughter into a marriage with the plaintiff and that the first defendant had taken a violent aversion to the plaintiff and declined to marry him. It was proved without doubt that the second defendant was now and had been before the alleged marriage in most impecunious circumstances. Besides he appeared to His Lordship to be an unscrupulous man and an unnatural father and that he agreed to give his daughter in marriage to the plaintiff for monetary considerations—to a man who had already a wife and a son very nearly the age of the daughter.

On the evidence, his Lordship held that the first defendant, previous to April 1907, did change her creed. Commenting on the alleged marriage, his Lordship said that it was a hole and corner affair and a clandestine proceeding. The girl herself, the person most vitally interested in the ceremony knew nothing about it. His Lordship felt considerable satisfaction in being able to hold that the marriage in Bombay was not a valid marriage and was not binding on the first defendant.

His Lordship, accordingly, dismissed the suit with all costs.

TRICUMDASS MILLS DISPUTE.

Bank's Heavy Claim.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell heard the suit brought by the Bank of India against the Tricumdass Mills and others to recover Rs. 3,51,837 with interest and for a declaration that all the moveable property comprising in the instrument of July 19[illegible] was subject to the charge of the Bank of Bombay to such portion thereof as had been pledged to them duly hypothicated to and charged in favour of the plaintiff bank by that instrument to secure the payment to the plaintiff bank by the first defendant Company of the above sum and for a declaration that the bank was entitled to receive payment of the balance of the sale proceeds of all other moveable property referred to which had been sold and that every defendant in whose hands any such balance might have come be ordered to pay the same to the plaintiff bank and for various other reliefs.

Mr. Settna, the Official Liquidator of the mills, submitted that the plaintiffs should share rateably with other creditors of the Company and that they would not maintain the suit as framed.

The claim is also resisted by the Bombay Cotton Mills and its Official Liquidator.

The hearing of this case is proceeding.

Mr. Raikes, with the Hon'ble the Advocate-General and Mr. Lowndes were for the plaintiffs; Mr. J. D. Inverarity and Mr. Setalvad were for defendants Nos. 1, 2 and 5 and Mr. Davar for Nos. 3 and 4.

QUESTION OF LIMITATION.

Lowers Court's Order Varied.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor delivered judgment in an appeal from a decision of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman who had, in the suit brought by Gajanan Vinayak against Waman Shamrao and another, held that limitation did apply and that accounts could be taken of a period of six years before the filing of the suit.

Mr. G. R. Lowndes and Mr. J. B. Kanga, instructed by Messrs. Jehangir, Mehta and Sowji, appeared for the appellant-plaintiff who contended that no limitation applied and that accounts should be taken from the very beginning. Mr. W. C. J. Shortt, instructed by Messrs. Shamrao, Minocher and Hiralal, was for the respondents who were sued as legal representatives of Shamrao Pandurang, who was the executor of his brother Vinayak.

The suit was brought by the plaintiff to recover his share from his father's (Vinayak's) estate. No issues were raised at the hearing, but it was agreed that accounts should be taken. The defendants contended that accounts should be taken for six years only and that contention was upheld by Mr. Justice Beaman.

In delivering the Court's judgment, the Chief Justice said that in their opinion the view taken by the learned Judge was incorrect and, accordingly, varied the order of the Lower Court by omitting the words "for six years' prior to the suit" and stating instead "accounts as prayed."

The costs of this appeal were reserved and were to be dealt with after the taking of accounts.

ALLEGED BRIBERY IN HYDERABAD.

Judgment Reserved.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, MARCH 28.

Yesterday, before Captain Yule, First Class Magistrate, Residency Bazaars, the case in which Somasundram and Zukka Ulla were charged under Sections 161 and 116, I. P. C., and the former under the Official Secrets' Act for having, at Chudderghaut, on or about the 31st October, attempted to offer Mr. Edwards, a clerk in the Hyderabad Residency, a sum of Rs. 100 for some secret official information, came on for further hearing. Mr. K. H. Judge, Public Prosecutor, conducted the prosecution; while Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin, Bar-at-Law, Bombay, appeared for the first accused and Mr. Krishnamachari, B. A., Advocate-General of H. H. the Nizam's High Court, instructed by Mr. De-Santos, Bar-at-Law, defended the second accused.

Before the opening of the case Mr. Krishnamachari made an application, on behalf of his client, to the Court to adjourn the case, as he had already applied for a transfer of the case to another Court. He made the application under Section 526, and his reasons for the transfer were contained in the Section. He submitted that the circumstances of the case, and the conditions fixed in the Section were reasons for the application.

The Judge opposed the application on the ground that it ought to have been made before the commencement of the hearing and the Magistrate declined to grant the request.

CASE FOR THE DEFENCE.

Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin, addressing the Court on behalf of the first accused, said that his client was charged under Sections 116 and 161 with the offence of obtaining copies of informa[illegible] the Residency. But Section 116 was only [illegible] when the offence was not committed and [illegible] was not committed under that Section. Section 116 was for bribery. Then [illegible] charge was under the Official S[illegible] Here the civil affairs [illegible] relating to His Majesty's relation with various States, etc. The counsel said that the prosecution had not told them that there was any disclosure, under the Official Secrets' Act of the papers which were entrusted to Mr. Edwards for copying. The evidence did not prove it. Counsel submitted that the first accused was not a subject of His Majesty under the definition of the Act and the prosecution has not proved to the contrary. Another thing about [illegible] was that the "Act presumes that the person to whom the information is to be [illegible] must be in charge of the particular [illegible] Edwards was not in charge of the com[illegible] Counsel asked: Was the accused [illegible] to get the information or was the information originally extracted from some other person? He drew the attention of the Court to the fact that according to the statements of both Mr. Hosley and Mr. Edwards that Mr. Hosley had taken the information for disclosure, and gave it to Mr. Edwards and he supplied it to the accused. Again the prosecution contended that the first accused was a servant of His Majesty and therefore the Government was entitled to prosecute him. But 16 Bombay, I. L. R., showed that no prosecution could be launched against him, because subjects of the Native States do not fall under the title of subjects of His Majesty. The prosecution had failed to prove that the accused was a subject of His Majesty, hence the prosecution was faulty. Counsel went on to say that the prosecution was also faulty on the grounds of misjoinder of parties and charges. For purposes of elucidating the argument he wanted to know whether the prosecution treated the whole transaction as one charge or different charges. If taken under one transaction the prosecution could not have requested the Court to omit the second accused from the charge under the Official Secrets' Act. From the evidence it was seen that on one day only the first accused went alone and another day both the accused went together. He said that the charges showed no particular date or time. It was indefinite with regard to the time of the offence.

Counsel continued that Mr. Edwards by false and foul means induced these people and encouraged them to attempt an offence. Mr. Edwards was asked to do an act beyond his control and beyond his official capacity. Mr. Edwards was an accomplice and he was no ordinary accomplice. Under Section 120 of the Evidence Act, the evidence of the accomplice could not be treated as that of an ordinary witness. It must be corroborated. Mr. Hosley contradicted Mr. Edwards in many places, and many of his statements were denied by Mr. Hosley. He asked the Court not to rely on the evidence of Mr. Edwards.

DEFENCE OF SECOND ACCUSED.

Mr. Krishnamachari, on behalf of the second accused, said that for the purpose of a case under Section 161, the offer of a bribe must be made. He cited Government's Criminal Law, page 628. He also cited a case on page 202 of Ratanlal's Law of Crime which went to show that it was not every payment made to an official that constituted bribery. The Rs. 100 note was other than legal remuneration and the offence of accepting the Rs. 100 illegal gratification in order to render a service came under Section 161; but the offence was not committed, hence the charge was very vague. He prayed that the Court would insist on a clean charge with regard to that Section. As to the evidence, Mr. Hosley knew only of what Mr. Edwards told him and did not investigate how far the statements were [illegible] Edwards was an accomplice [illegible] Section 114 of the Indian Evidence Act. The case against his client rested on the words of Mr. Edwards, and, in the interests of justice, he asked the Court to go through the report made in the Court, in order to test his veracity.

PROSECUTION ARGUMENT.

Mr. Judge then opened his address for the prosecution. He first replied to the various arguments brought forward by the defence. He refuted the legal exceptions taken by the other side. "Re" the joinder of parties and Section 239 which formed the theme of argument for the defence, he said that the whole transaction was brought under one offence because the learned counsel said the offer of the bribe made by both the accused for the same purpose. They (the accused) approached Mr. Edwards with the same intent and they were liable for the same offence. Hence they were both charged under the same Section. As for the other contention, that the second accused was committed from the charges under the Official Secrets' Act, counsel said that was a pure accident of birth; and his not being a subject of His Majesty exonerated him from the offence attached to him by the second charge. As for the official capacity of Mr. Edwards which the defence had denied he (counsel) said that Mr. Edwards showed the file only in his official capacity. Apart from his official duties he did not obtain the file, nor show it and his official function included keeping the file. Relating to the charge against the accused, it was abetting and it covered a period from the 24th to 31st October. As for the charge, he submitted there was no misjoinder. Counsel continued that the defence questioned the testimony of Mr. Edwards' evidence, and said that he was given up to speaking untruths, he could not be trusted and due to that the case had fallen to the ground. But he said that the story of Mr. Edwards that he met the accused who promised to pay Rs. 100 in case such an information was given, was true; and can be proved from documentary evidence. Exhibit G. letter written by Somasundrum to (Edwards, was produced. Exhibit D also supported the statement of Mr. Edwards. Counsel asked: Are these documents D and G honest documents? Why were they written and by whom? Then the story of the first accused, "re" the monogram, was utterly unworthy to be believed. He said the case did not rest wholly on the evidence of Mr. Edwards. Messrs. Hosley, Crawford and Bailey's evidence went to prove the offence of the accused. Again, the accused had made a confession to the Police which was admissable, as it was made before a Magistrate, Mr. Hosley. Apart from the fact that Mr. Edwards was an accomplice there was ample testimony to corroborate his statements to prove that an attempt was made to corrupt his morality. Turning to the case against the accused, he (counsel) said that the second accused was found near the scene of occurrance on the 31st October, with a note of Rs. 100. He was seen moving about the offices in a very suspicious manner. The various circumstances connected with his presence there seen from the evidence went to show that he was there for the commission of the offence. The arguments brought forward that the money Rs. 100 found in his possession was paid to him by Abdul Khadir to be given over to the first accused was false. Counsel next dealt with the Official Secrets' Act at length and showed how it was applicable to the first accused. Regarding the nature of the correspondence, he said that the consequences of their publicity would have been greater and serious had there been any communication between the Resident and the Governor-General reflecting discredit on the Government of the Nizam. So the disclosure of any confidential paper would attend with serious consequences. The Act extended to the whole of the British territory, and the accused was born in the British territory. The contention that he was born in the Travancore State was not true. He was born in Madura and educated is the Travancore State. Lawrences' International Law, Page 62, says that every one born in British territory is a British subject. According to 33 and 34 Victoria. Chap. 14, the first accused as he was born in British territory, whether of British or foreign parents he was British subject. He (the counsel) had some doubts "re" the application of Section 116, Official Secrets' Act to first accused on that point; as to whether the application was justifiable and he felt sure that according to the law cited he was perfectly right in claiming the conviction of the accused.

Judgment will be delivered on the 30th instant.

SPORTING NEWS.

HOCKEY.

Aga Khan Tournament.

[illegible]day of the Aga Khan [illegible]ay, when two matches [illegible] is the case for each day [illegible]l of the Tournament. [illegible] the Grant Medical Col- [illegible] Lines ground of the 96th [illegible] Infantry, while the match held on the Bombay [illegible] ground was to have been between the [illegible] Marines and Wanderers. The Com- [illegible] are installed on the improvements [illegible] on the Mole as also grounds. A strip of canvas runs [illegible] round the outside of the Grant-line to prevent delays [illegible] caused by the ball being hit out of the ground. The seating accommodation on the stands is also comfortably arranged, and the card giving the names of the players in the opposing teams is a welcome innovation.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA vs. GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE.

Considering the fact that the hockey season is only in its preliminary and least interesting stages, a good attendance assembled at the Marine Lines ground to witness the match between the Bombay Gymkhana and the Grant Medical College. These teams have both been wont to figure in the later stages of the Tournament in previous years and this no doubt accounted for the keen interest shown by the public. In the first stages of the game play was in mid-field and with the exception of free hits for sticks on both sides, nothing of note happened. The first decided attack was made by the Gymkhana, who were dangerous in the striking circle, but Garthwaste cleared. Fergusson then made a good run for the Medicals, but failed to score. The ball was now obtained by the Gymkhana and Canteenwalla made a good save from Richardson. Play was very even and the Medicals once more got the ball, Dawes saving from a shot by Grandi. Close and dangerous play now took place round the Gymkhana goal and at length Christie relieved, the ball going behind. A run for the Gymkhana by Barrett proved abortive and the resultant corner ended in a free hit for the Medicals. Fergusson, for the Medicals, now got the ball and Dawes had to kick out. A subsequent penalty corner was given against the Gymkhana, but was productive of no score. Play was very even up to half time the only run worthy of mention being that by James, who spoiled his chances of scoring by giving "sticks" in the circle. There was no score at half-time.

Bombay Gymkhana..... nil
Grant Medical College..... nil

On resuming, the Medicals pressed and almost a once Cooke got through and scored. This resulted in somewhat wild play for a time. Two consecutive corners forced off the backs of the Grant Medical College ended in Richardson shooting just on the wrong side of the post. The Gymkhana now pressed their opponents hard for a time until their backs relieved and took the attack into Gymkhana ground, where they forced a corner which, however resulted in no score being recorded. The attack was now in the hands of the Medicals, who were dangerous, but who failed to take advantage of their position. Hayter, on the wing put in a good run towards the Gymkhana goal, but was dispossessed. A moment after from a pass by Cooke, Fergurson scored luckily a second time for the Medicals. Play now was maintained in rushes by both sides. From a shot by Richardson, Canteenwalla saved by conceeding a corner which was not converted. Just before time Easdon nearly scored, but Dawes saved. Result:—

Grant Medical College.....2 goals
Bombay Gymkhana.....nil

The teams were as follows:—

BOMBAY GYMKHANA: C. H. Dawes, goal; R. C. Cumberledge and A. H. M. Wilson, backs; H. C. Quinn, E. L. Sim and E. E. Christie, half-backs; J. P. Barrett, G. G. James, B. S. Vidal, G. G. Richardson and C. Y. S. Manners, forwards.

GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE: J. Canteenwalla, goal; E. T. Garthwaste and D. Newland backs; H. Easdon, A. B. Osborne and G. Bildreth half-backs; A. Easdon, M. Grandi, F. Cooke, A. Ferguson and R. Hayter, forwards.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

The Chawl Rents.

AN adjourned meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held last evening, in the Improvement Trust Office, the Hon'ble Mr. J. P. Orr presiding.

The Land Committee had submitted their report regarding the rent of the Trust Chawls.

The Chairman had prepared a note on the subject in which to sum up he recommended.

(1) That uniform rents be fixed for all rooms in the chawls as follows:

Supari Bag: Rs. 3-4-0; Agripada Rs. 3-8-0; Nagpada and Imamwada Rs. 4; Princess Street, Chandanwadi and Mandvi Rs. 5.

(2) That every new-comer be charged those rents, subject to a personal minimum of 10 per cent. of his family earnings or the rent he had hitherto paid whichever was less.

(3) That present tenants' rents be gradually increased to the above rents from 1st May 1911 (to allow of one month's notice) by increments of 4 annas every 3 months an extra increment of one anna being charged on Rs. 3-3 rents on 1st May 1911.

The Committee were in full accord with the Chairman's views and recommendations except as regards the personal maximum. The Committee should not object to personal maximum of 20 or 25 per cent. of family earnings (they thought 15 per cent too low) being applied as a limit of enhancement of rent if it were not for the difficulty of ascertaining what tenants family earnings were. If the list of family earnings of the residents of the Chandanwadi and Princess Street Chawls leased on the information obtained from the tenant themselves shown to them by the land manager were accepted as correct the rents of nearly all the rooms must be left as they were. It was evident that most of the tenants had understated their earnings and that those who had told the truth would have their rents raised while, the dishonest tenants would escape enhancement.

The Chairman then read the minutes of Mr. Watcha and Sir Sassoon David. The former averred that the proposed suggestions if carried out would not offer any relief to the poor. Sir Sassoon's suggestion was that the Trust should not make more than 4 per cent profit on their capital expended on the chawls.

The consideration of the subject was postponed and it was resolved that in the meantime the Chairman be authorized to give notices to the present tenants of the Trusts' intention to enhance the rents from 1st May, by increments of 4 annas every three months an extra increment of one anna to be charged on Rs. 3-3-0 rents.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 27th March.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury:—

Amount of revised estimate in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1910-11.....	£26,645,000
Remitted from 1st April 1910 to 25th March 1911, by Council Bills *	£25,905,465
Balance to be remitted from 25th March 1911 to 31st March 1911 ...	£739,534

* Of this sum £2,515,000—£300,000 has been taken to the account of the Currency Reserve.

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It remove all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, a delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesales depot, 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

THE "WEARY-WILLIES" OF THE WORLD.

How a Famous Physician Would Cure Them.

There is no more subtle indication of the way in which the body changes from time to time than that afforded by the sensations of the individual.

It is within everyone's experience that a time comes when, for no apparent reason, he feels weak and unable to undergo any exertion. The crying need is for something which will give a sensation of strength. Under such circumstances nothing compares with Sanatogen. This is the greatest energising, revitalising and reconstituent food known to science. It contains no alcohol or harmful drug but is made exclusively of the body building element of milk, chemically combined with glycero-phosphate of sodium, the active principle of the brain and nervous system.

As Dr. Andrew Wilson, the famous writer on Health Subjects, has said:—"In place of relying upon alcohol as a 'pick-me-up' the tired person tried Sanatogen, he would soon discover his weariness to be replaced by a different feeling—that of renewed vigour unaccompanied by any subsequent or corresponding depression. Sanatogen's advantage over the ordinary tonics, ranging from iron and quinine to arsenic and strychnine, is that its use does not derange digestion, but contrariwise assists enfeebled appetite. Again, its use can be continued for long periods in obstinate cases without in the least degree interfering with the work and pursuits of ordinary life."

Sanatogen may be obtained of all Chemists and Bazaars.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

("Bombay Government Gazette" March 30.)

Mr Jivanji Kharshedji Tarapurvala, M A, LL B is admitted a Vakil of the High Court.

Mr Narharilal Trimbaklal Desbhakta, MA LL B is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Broach District instead of the Ahmedabad District.

Mr Balavant Ramkrishna Vaidya is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Nasik District.

Mr Gulabbhai Murarji Desai LI B is authoris to practise as a Pleader in the Surat District.

The following is a list of candidates who have passed the Examination for the office of Pleader of the High Court, held on 6th February in order of merit:—Mehta, Amratlal Gangaram and Kolangade, Ramchandra Govind.

The following is a list of candidates who have passed the Examination for the office of Pleader in the District and Subordinate Courts, held on 6th February:—Jog, Mahadev Chintaman Marwadi, Premraj Shaligram Kurtkoti, Narayan Virupaksha Hegde, Vishweshwar Timmana Nadkarni, Mangesh Dattatraya Joshi, Dattatraya Vaman Oza, Kalidas Umashankar Gadgil, Gopinath Ganesh Mudebihalkar, Vasudev Govind Kulkarnii Vasudev Balkrishna Modi, Vrajlal Khimchand Khedkar, Vasudev Keshav Mehta, Bapulal Mathurdas Joshi, Jagannath Vaman Pradhan, Raghunath Ramkrishna Kanade, Dattatraya Narayan Joshi, Purushottam Gopal Tilak, Janardan Vishvanath Zunje; Bandappa Revanshidappa Dhalewadikar, Vasudev Vaman Palshikar, Hanmant Madhav Dharurkar, Domoder Appaji Vaidya, Balavant Ramkrishna Parkhe, Gopal Yadav Ektare, Raghunath Balkrishna Nadig, Shamrav Honnali Phatak, Krishnaji Moreshvar Sapatnekar Pandharinath Vaman Godse, Krishnaji Ganesh. Devkar, Damodar Narhar Deshkhanderav pande, Bhimrav. Bhat, Bhavanishankar Harishankar. Shah, Maganlal Kastur. Patel, Dongarsing Ramji. Patvardhan, Vaman Govindi Dhumma, Sid

BY THE WAY.

PRESIDENT TAFT AND MEXICO.

Mr. Taft has had an association with Mexico which no other United States President has shared. During his term of office he has spent a short time on Mexican soil, thereby technically breaking the tradition that no American President should go beyond the boundaries of his own country. This visit took place in October 1909, in the course of Mr. Taft's 13,000 mile journey through the West and South. From El Paso, in Texas, he crossed over the bridge to the Mexican side of the Rio Grande at Porfirio Juarez, where he exchanged greetings with President Diaz. The two Presidents met also on the following day at El Paso, and their utterances, it is pleasant to say, were of the friendliest and most cordial kind.

THE UNITED STATES FRONTIERS.

The massing of troops by the United States on its southern frontier, presumably to keep the ring between the rival parties in Mexico, is a reminder that the boundaries other than natural between the United States and the contiguous States on the north and south have to be very clearly marked out and defined. Roughly one-half of the boundary between Mexico and the United States is provided by the Rio Grande, but from El Paso to the Pacific Ocean no such ideal natural frontier is available, and a narrow strip of land some 60 feet wide has been neutralised as the boundary, and marked out by tall white posts at stated intervals. Between these lines of posts, which extend for some 700 miles, is neither United States nor Mexican territory.

DR. JOWETT.

In a little book—"J. H. Jowett, M. A., D. D. a Character Study"—which made a timely appearance in mail week, Mr. Frank Morison recalls an interesting story of the popular preacher. When on a holiday some years ago he visited a little chapel on the North Coast. The villagers found him a weak unsuspecting his ministrial profession. As the time for the commencement of the service approached and there was some confusion owing to the preacher not having arrived. A hurried consultation was held, and it was finally decided to ask the visitor if he thought he could conduct the service for them. Modestly replying that he "would try" Dr. Jowett ascended the pulpit. No doubt, says Mr. Morison, he preached one of the sermons which have been listened to with interest by crowded congregations at Birmingham, but his little audience were quite unmoved.

A SECOND INVITATION.

Some few days later it became known that "Mr. Jowett of Carr's Lane" was staying in the district, and he was astonished to receive a deputation from the tiny chapel in which he had preached only a few days previously. "Oh," he said in reply to a pressing invitation to again occupy their pulpit, but I conducted your service only the other Sunday. "Yes," was the reply, but we didn't know who you were, sir, then." Whether Dr. Jowett's audience were quite so unresponsive to his eloquence as he would have us believe may perhaps be doubted.

SOME SECRETS OF POPULARITY.

Mr. Morison has something to say of the great men—Angell James and Dale—whom Dr. Jowett succeeded at Carr's Lane and he gives some very interesting details of the early life of the preacher of his methods and of the extraordinary influence he has been able to exercise. Mr. Morison attributes much of his popularity as a preacher to his power of literary and graceful speech. You cannot listen to him for ten minutes without being impressed with the degree of perfection to which he has brought what one might call the external mechanism of spoken thought. His prayers are said to be perhaps the most beautiful of all his public utterances. Mr. Morison's little book is well written, and many will doubtless like to possess it now that Dr. Jowett is going to America.

RAILWAY TRAVELLING IN JAPAN.

An interesting account of the introduction of railway travelling in Japan is published in the [illegible] number of the "Railway Magazine." It was in 1870, that the first railway was opened, connecting Tokio and Yokohama. Since then new lines have been completed in many directions, and it is now possible to travel from the extreme south to the northern boundary—a distance of more than a thousand miles. As a people, the Japanese have taken to travelling in a remarkable manner. Even in winter the trains are full, while in summer the passengers literally overflow on the footboards at the end of each carriage. The rolling-stock is all made in Japan; it is less well cared for than that to which we are accustomed in the British Isles, and the compartments are less comfortable, the first-class coaches being about equal to the third-class in England.

THE ROYAL COLONIAL INSTITUTE.

The Royal Colonial Institute, which held its annual meeting in mail week is now presided over by the Duke of Connaught, in succession to King George, who becomes patron. During the past year the Institute made a record progress, achieving a membership of 5,010 and a revenue of £8,275. It also entered into complete possession of its handsome building in Northumberland-avenue, a large portion having previously been leased to the Admiralty. The library now contains 80,000 volumes, the largest collection of Colonial literature in the world. A new departure is the extension of the work of the Institute to the principal provincial centres by means of popular illustrated lectures.

A HISTORIC CHAPEL.

Paddington Chapel, in the Marylebone-road, celebrated its ninety-eighth year of existence on the Sunday following mail week. It is the only surviving chapel (conducted on the accepted Congregational principles) of five chapels built in London nearly one hundred years ago by a Mr. Thomas Wilson, of [illegible]. Paddington Chapel has numbered among its worshippers many distinguished men and women, including Mrs. Barrett Browning. In Professor Hall Griffin's lately published "Life of Robert Browning" reference is made to Miss Barrett "attending service at Paddington Congregational Church." The present minister, the Rev. Thomas Nicholson, is one of a number of talented Welsh preachers who have crossed the border of Wales into England.

WHERE THE KING'S CLOTHES WERE KEPT.

St. Andrew's-by-the-Wardrobe for the restoration of which the rector appeals, as a conspicuous waymark in Queen Victoria-street, and derives a grotesque distinguishing title from former proximity to the King's Great Wardrobe. This was originally the town mansion of Sir John Beauchamp, and purchased from his executors by Edward III. for the keepers of the King's apparel. "There were kept," says Fuller, the ancient clothes of our English kings which they wore on great festivals." Shakespeare in his will left to his favourite daughter Susannah, the Warwickshire doctor's wife, a house near the Wardrobe, wherein one John Robinson dwelleth." The present church of St. Andrew's-by-the-Wardrobe was rebuilt by Wren after the Great Fire, and became the City centre of the Evangelical revival under William Romaine.

SINGING LESSONS FOR YOUNG BIRDS.

Mr. C. W. Bulman gives an account in "Knowledge" of young birds taking singing lessons from old ones and mentions experiments that go to show that, although birds inherit the power to sing just as we do that of speaking they have to learn their song in the same way that we must acquire a language. The powers of imitation that many birds exhibit bear this out. Mr. Bulman has heard a blackbird crow like a cock, and other cases are recorded. The song of some birds like the cuckoo, which never hear their parents, must be innate, Mr. Bulman thinks but in the instance mentioned, there are only one of two notes, so that they can hardly be looked upon as a song.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by druggists throughout the world.

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

"THE SUFFRAGE GIRL."

"The Suffrage Girl" an original play by Mr. Percy Nash, with music by Mr. Frank Armstrong was produced in mail week at the Royal Court Theatre by an excellent cast, who did full justice to the serio-comic semi-political character of the work. The plot opens upon the eve of an election, in which Sir Thomas Dewston (Mr. Percy Nash) appeals for the support of the electorate against the plebeian candidate Mr. Benjamin Hanks, (Mr. E. J. Bury,) proprietor of the local stores. Sir Thomas gives very emphatic instructions to his relatives and friends to canvass the constituency at Oldhampton and attend to the electors little wants—one voter desires a gramophone. Meanwhile Sir Thomas's sister, Araminta Dewston (Miss Ada Palmer,) an elderly coquette, is paying her addresses to the Rev. Algernon Fossitt (Mr. E. Percy Bennett) an ungifted young curate with a moderate touch of native shrewdness. Frank Rothsay (Mr. Reginald Good,) a young lawyer is in love with Sybil Dewston, Miss Olive Turner, Sir Thomas's daughter; while Harry Fancourt, Mr. Louis Rihll, Sir Thomas's nephew successfully woos Sybil's friend, Dora Spencer (Miss Joan Ritz). Frank and Sybil eventually agree to approach the proud Sir Thomas who scornfully rejects Frank's suit for his daughter's hand. "If you marry him I'll disown you," declares Sir Thomas, fiercely to which Sybil stepping forward retorts: "You need not take the trouble—I'll disown you." This is the great opportunity for Hanks the politician, who mounts a pedestal amidst the surging crowds of lads and lasses, and shouts; "Vote for Hanks and live who like." Sybil temporarily forsakes home, ostensibly to go to London, but really to remain with Dora's relatives. The subsequent "hue and cry" for Sybil is at its height when Nicodemus K. Banks, of California (Mr. F. G. Page) arrives at Oldhampton in search of the missing heir to a peerage. The heir proves to be none other than Sybil's sweetheart, young Frank Rothsay. Thenceforward the course of true love runs smoothly and the web of difficulty is disentangled to the satisfaction of the lovers and the joy of Sir Thomas, whose offended family pride is appeased. Light lyrics, witty dialogues, and frolicsome dances, woven round a neat little romance, make. "The Suffrage Girl" a play for the multitude. Miss Olive Turner (as Sybil) sang very effectively throughout, and was ably seconded by Mr. Good's Frank Rothsay and Miss Rihll's Dora Spencer, while Mr. Rihll's impersonation of Henry Fancourt was a masterly piece of subtle humour. All the other parts were admirably supported, and the dairymaids country girls, village belles, election canvassers, ostlers, and tradespeople upheal the choral and terpsichorean features of a dainty little musical play.

FALSELY TRUE AT THE PALACE.

"Falsely True," by Miss Johanna Redmond which appeared at the Palace in mail week is a breath from the Abbey Theatre, Dublin, and the Irish seasons at the Court Theatre, blown out into a little gale to suit the ampler air of a large hall. The remarkable thing is that it has not suffered in the process. No doubt if it appeared at the Court one would notice that it had not the subtlety of Synge's wit, the poetic atmosphere of Yeats's wailings against the tyranny of the English. But these things would probably be lost at the Palace. Miss Redmond has performed the remarkable feat of writing a play which is broad enough in its effects without being melodrama; and Mr. W. Fay, Miss Sara Allgood of the beautiful voice and Mr. Fred O'Donovan the remarkable feat of being completely audible and yet still entirely their own fascinating Irish selves. It is a simple little incident of the Emmet rising, Moran and Mary have two sons who have been arrested in Dublin, and Sham comes home with the news that Shamus is dead, and he himself has turned King's evidence and brought four patriots to the gallows. Old Moran is furious; Mary will not believe it, and Shaun tells how they tempted him by offering to release Shamus, and then, when the trial was over, showed him Shamus, already dead of his wounds. Miss Redmond has been inspired, as her countrymen seem so easily to be, when they write about these times. There is beauty of language in the little play and a genuine note of tragedy, and to those who love these simple, unspoilt Irish players it is unnecessary to say how sincerely and naturally and with what deep feeling a little episode like this can be played by Miss Allgood and Mr. Fay. It is good that music-halls should be opening their doors to such work, and Mr. Butt will also have performed a signal service by giving this advertisement to the Irish Theatre.

VOCAL RECITALS.

Mr. Hayden-Coffin and Mr. Maurice Farkoa are both old favourites, and the joint recital given by them at the Steinway Hall in mail week was naturally well attended. Both were in excellent form, though, perhaps, Mr. Farkoa seems to feel least the absence of his more familiar stage surroundings. He provides his own dramatic atmosphere, as it were, and puts such gesture and vivacity into his performances that nothing more is needed. He sang some of the best-known numbers from his extensive repertoire and one and all found plenty of favour; but it was to be noted that those which he sang in English seemed, somehow or other, to be the more unreservedly appreciated than those which he gave in French, though he certainly sang the latter no less neatly. Mr. Hayden-Coffin is quite at his ease on the platform, too, of course, but in his case one lacks in the concert-room those eloquent and far-famed gestures of the hands which add such joy to his performances in the theatre. In the concert room he reminds one to some extent of the orator deprived of his favourite button. But, even so, he had no lack of success Mlle. Yvonne St. Andre, Mr. W. H. Squire, and Herr von Leer's Viennese Quintet were other contributors to the concert, the attractiveness of which was still further enhanced by the following intimation on the perforated corner of the programme "We hope you will take tea. Please give up this corner."

THEATRICAL GALA PERFORMANCE.

The gala performance arranged by the executive committee of theatrical managers appointed for the purpose gives promise of proving a remarkable affair. Some perhaps may be disposed to wonder what prompted the choice of the first act of Lord Lytton's "Money" as one of the items, but since Sir John Hare, Mr. George Alexander, Mr. Weedon Grossmith, Mr. Allan Aynesworth, Lady Tree, Miss Irene Vanbrugh, and Miss Marie Lohr are suggested for the cast, it will doubtless be worth seeing. Shakespeare, of course, had to be represented, and the scenes from "The Merry Wives of Windsor" and "Julius Caesar," which are proposed, will show him both in comedy and tragedy. The co-operation of Mrs. Kendal, Miss Ellen Terry, and Mrs. Calvert in the one case, and of Sir Herbert Tree in his old part of Mark Antony in the second will be sufficient guarantee of the quality of the performances. "The School for Scandal" is a classic of a later day obviously not to be overlooked on such an occasion, and the performance of the picture-selling scene with Sir Charles Wyndham as Charles Surface, and Mr. Martin Harvey, Mr. George Grossmith, Mr. Oscar Asche, Mr. Robert Loraine, Mr. Henry Ainley and Mr. A. E. Matthews among the other performers ought to be particularly amusing. Finally Sheridan's "Critic" will enable any number of other popular performers to appear. Those already mentioned include Mr. Bourchier, Mr. Charles Hawtrey, Mr. Cyril Maude, Mr. Edward Terry, Mr. Gerald du Maurier, and Mr. Edmund Payne, together with Miss Julia Neilson, Miss Marie Tempest, Miss Gertie Millar, and Miss Lily Elsie; while the interesting announcement is made further that it is hoped to include in the cast two representative American artists in Mr. William Gillette and Mr. John Drew. Quite a number of people will probably wish to attend this Coronation performance.

"ONE OF THE DUKES."

An interesting feature of "One of the Dukes," about to be produced by Mr. Cyril Maude at the Playhouse, will be the reappearance of Mr. Allan Aynesworth, who has not acted with Mr. Maude since he appeared with him with such signal success in "The Second in Command." Mr. Maude will be the Duke of Rye, and Mr. Aynesworth his cousin, Lord George Thurbure. "One of the Dukes" will be preceded by a new play in one act, "The Hand on the Latch," by Mary Cholmondeley and Charles Maude, in which, as all playgoers will be pleased to note, Miss Winifred Emery will play the leading part. The action of this piece takes place on the Canadian prairie during the American War."

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Nervous Depression, Lassitude, Rheumatism

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Apply to Dr. BALKRISHNA NARAYAN JOSHI, of Bamaon, Mottwalla's Chawl, near Old Tram Terminus, Tardeo Bridge, Tardeo, Bombay

CERTIFICATE.

Dear Sir,—I have much pleasure to say that your Medicine effected me a perfect cure from hydrocele and piles from which I had been suffering for the last 12 years and my wife from the swollen increase of fatness in body which she was suffering from for the same period.

I tried good many European and native Doctors but to no effect. I have [illegible] no more especial drugs and shall be much happy to recommend to my friends.

Yours faithfully—(sd.) H. W. WILLIAMS.

Bombay, 14th February 1910.

CERTIFICATE.

To DR. BALKRISHNA NARAYEN JOSHI, Tram Terminus Tardeo.

Dear Doctor—I wish to [illegible] these few lines to your notice for the benefit of other sufferers I was suffering great agony from Hydrocele and Piles for almost a period of 12 years and tried many doctors both native and European, but to no avail I almost gave up all hopes of ever finding a cure but you will be glad to hear that since using the Pills and Ointment prescribed by you, I found [illegible] a thorough cure.

Thanking you for the same and I sincerely trust your medicine will be soon known by all sufferers, I would very much [illegible] to advise the more freely to all suffering [illegible] and remain your loving friends.

Yours faithfully,
J. W. BREAKEY, Government Telegraphist.

9th September, 1909.

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